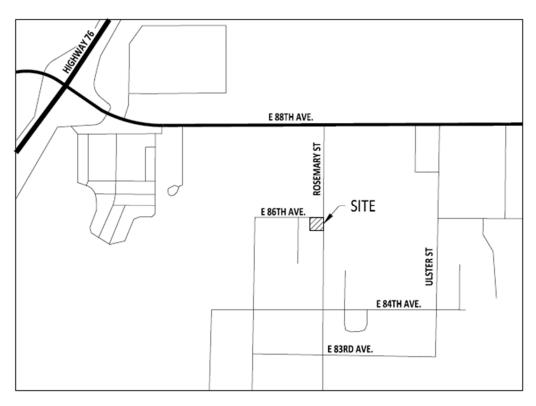


PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE STUDY

CARBAJAL AUTO DEALERSHIP

8581 Rosemary Street, Commerce City, CO



PREPARED BY

IAN LONG, EI PROJECT ENGINEER RAPTOR CIVIL ENGINEERING

REVIEWED BY

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I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PRELIMINARY STUDY FOR CARBAJAL AUTO DEALERSHIP WAS PREPARED BY ME (OR UNDER MY SUPERVISION) IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE COMMERCE CITY STORM DRAINAGE DESIGN AND TECHNICAL CRITERIA FOR THE OWNERS THEREOF.

ERIC BURTZLAFF, PE LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER STATE OF COLORADO NO. 50061

SEAL:



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1. GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

RCE has prepared the following Preliminary Drainage Study for a car dealership located at 8581 Rosemary Street, Commerce City, Colorado, hereby referred to as Carbajal Auto Dealership.

This report will demonstrate that the Carbajal Auto Dealership will not negatively impact downstream drainage nor the adjacent properties.

A. LOCATION

The subject property is currently a single parcel of land addressed 8581 Rosemary Street, Commerce City, Adams County, Colorado. The subject property consists of Lots 43-48, Block 46 of the Irondale Subdvision which is 0.456 acres. Right-of-way dedication is proposed for the project which brings the property size 0.41 acres. to The property is developed and currently consists of an existing single-family home with two existing garage structures. The property slopes southeast to northwest at roughly 1%.

The subject site is located within the Irondale Gulch drainage basin. There does not appear to be any drainage infrastructure directly adjacent to the site, however, per the Rosemary Street public improvement plans, a 30" storm drain pipe is to be installed in E. 86th Avenue directly adjacent to the site.

The subject site is bordered to the North by the East 86th Avenue right-of-way, the East by the Rosemary Street right-of-way, the West by an existing single-family home, and the South by an existing warehouse.

The subject site is located within the Northwest 1/4 of Section 28, Township 2 South, Range 67 West of the 6th Principal Meridian within the City of Commerce City, Adams County, Colorado.

B. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

The subject site is 0.41 acres. The existing ground cover is roof coverage, small amounts of pavement, and low growing vegetation and grasses. According to USDA NRCS Custom Soil Resource website, the site is 100% map unit symbol number VoC, Vona sandy loam, 3 to 5 percent slopes, hydrologic soil group A. The site slopes at an average slope of 1% southwest to northeast toward the northwest corner of the property. The subject site is located within the Irondale Gulch drainage basin. There are no known regional water quality or detention facilities that serve the subject site. There are no known existing irrigation facilities located on the subject site. There is no known history of flooding on the subject site. There are no known easements located on the subject site per the ALTA survey for the site titled "ALTA/NSPS Land Title Survey; A Parcel of Land Situated in the Northwest 1/4 of Section 28, Township 2 South, Range 67 West of the 6th P.M.,



City of Commerce City, County of Adams, State of Colorado", provided by Falcon Surveying, dated 10/6/2022. There is no known environmental contamination on the subject site.

C. PROPOSED PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This development proposes a car dealership that will utilize existing structures located on the site, as well as associated driveways, asphalt parking lot, and drainage infrastructure including inlets, storm sewer, and a rain garden that provides water quality and detention for the site. Land use includes drive aisles, parking areas, pedestrian walkways, and landscaping.

D. FLOOD HAZARD

The subject site is located within FEMA Firm Map Number 08001C0607H dated March 5, 2007. The site is located within Zone X defined as areas outside of the 0.2% annual chance floodplain.

2. DRAINAGE BASINS AND SUB-BASINS

A. MAJOR BASIN DESCRIPTIONS

The site is located within the Irondale Gulch drainage basin.

The general topography of the area of the site slopes from east to west presumably to the South Platte River, which is located approximately 1,200 feet to the northwest of the site.

There are no known existing irrigation facilities that will be affected by drainage from the subject site.

B. SUB-BASIN DESCRIPTIONS

Historically, the subject site is divided into 1 sub-basin described as H1 in this drainage report/plan and one design point described as Design Point A. There are no off-site flows onto the subject property in the historic condition.

Basin H1 consists of 0.41 acres and slopes southeast to northwest towards the northwest property corner. This basin is historically 23.93% impervious. Basin H1 detailed information can be found below in Table 1.

Table 1 – Historic Summary Table

Basin	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	I₅ (in/hr)	I ₁₀₀ (in/hr)	Q₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)
H1	0.41	0.23	0.58	2.08	4.52	0.20	1.07

Design Point A in the historic condition is the historic discharge location and represents on-site historic flows to this point. Historic design point info can be found below in Table 2.



Table 2 – Historic Design Point Summary Table

Design Point	Area (ac)	Q₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)
А	0.41	0.20	1.07

Refer to **Appendix H** for the Historic Drainage Plan.

In developed conditions the subject site is divided into 6 sub-basins described as D1, D2, D3, D4, U1, and U2 in this drainage study. There are two off-site sub-basins described as OS1 and OS2 in this drainage study. Basins D1, D2, D3, D4 are part of the subject property with a total area of 0.40 acres, or 97.6% of the total site area and are tributary to the proposed rain garden facility. Basins U1 and U2 are part of the subject property with a total area of 0.01 acres, or 2.4% of the total site area and are not tributary to the proposed rain garden facility.

Basin D1 consists of 0.21 acres and slopes generally from the outside edges to a proposed curb inlet located at the center of the basin. This basin, which is 79.91% impervious consists of roof coverage, paved areas, and landscape area. Basin D1 detailed information can be found below in Table 3.

Basin D2 consists of 0.02 acres and slopes south to north via a grass swale toward a proposed inlet located at the north side of the basin. This basin, which is 41.64% impervious consists of roof coverage and landscape area adjacent to the existing single-family home located on the property. Basin D2 detailed information can be found below in Table 3.

Basin D3 consists of 0.06 acres and slopes south to north via a concrete swale to a proposed inlet located at the north side of the basin. This basin, which is 11.30% impervious consists of landscape along the western property line. Basin D3 detailed information can be found below in Table 3.

Basin D4 consists of 0.11 acres and slopes east to west towards the proposed rain garden. A portion of this basin drains to a proposed chase drain that drains directly into the rain garden while the other section of the basin consists of the facility itself. This basin, which is 54.57% impervious consists of roof coverage, paved areas, landscape area, and the proposed rain garden. Basin D4 detailed information can be found below in Table 3.

Basin OS1 consists of 0.03 acres and slopes east to west directly into basin D1. This basin, which is 62.03% impervious consists of a small offsite paved area at the southeast corner of the site. Basin OS1 detailed information can be found below in Table 3.

Basin OS2 consists of 0.08 acres and slopes south to north to the proposed inlet located in basin D2. This basin, which is 5.72% impervious consists of offsite landscape area at the northeast corner of the property. Basin OS2 detailed information can be found below in Table 3.



Basin U1 consists of 0.01 acres and slopes west to east offsite to the Rosemary Street public rightof-way. This basin, which is 2.00% impervious consists of landscape area that drains undetained offsite. Basin U1 detailed information can be found below in Table 3.

Basin U2 consists of 0.00 acres and south to north to the East 86th Avenue public right-of-way. This basin, which is 16.75% impervious consists of a very small bypass area which was not able to be graded to the on-site rain garden facility. Basin U2 detailed information can be found below in Table 3.

Basin	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	I₅ (in/hr)	I ₁₀₀ (in/hr)	Q₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)
D1	0.21	0.69	0.81	3.80	8.24	0.55	1.40
D2	0.02	0.38	0.65	3.80	8.24	0.03	0.12
D3	0.06	0.13	0.53	3.45	7.48	0.02	0.22
D4	0.11	0.48	0.71	3.68	7.99	0.19	0.61
OS1	0.03	0.54	0.74	3.80	8.24	0.05	0.15
OS2	0.08	0.08	0.51	3.54	7.68	0.02	0.30
U1	0.01	0.05	0.49	3.80	8.24	0.00	0.03
U2	0.00	0.17	0.55	3.80	8.24	0.00	0.02

Table 3 – Developed Summary Table

Design Point A in the developed condition is a proposed curb inlet that serves as the discharge point for basins D1 and OS1. Developed design point info can be found below in Table 4.

Design Point B in the developed condition is a proposed valley inlet that serves as the discharge point for basin D2 and OS2. Developed design point info can be found below in Table 4.

Design Point C in the developed condition is a proposed manhole that conveys combined flows from Design Points A and B. Developed design point info can be found below in Table 4.

Design Point D in the developed condition is a proposed valley inlet that serves as the discharge point for basin D3. Developed design point info can be found below in Table 4.

Design Point E in the developed condition represents the direct flow to the proposed rain garden facility from basin D4. Developed design point info can be found below in Table 4.

Design Point F in the developed condition represents the total flow to the proposed rain garden facility. Developed design point info can be found below in Table 4.



Table 4 – Developed Design Point Summary Table

Design Point	Area (ac)	Q₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)
А	0.23	0.60	1.55
В	0.10	0.05	0.41
С	0.33	0.65	1.97
D	0.06	0.02	0.22
E	0.11	0.19	0.61
F	0.49	0.87	2.79

Refer to Appendix H for the Developed Drainage Plan.

3. DRAINGE DESIGN CRITERIA

A. <u>REGULATIONS</u>

City policy requires on-site detention for all new development unless a regional detention facility is provided and sized to accommodate the 100-year storm event from a fully developed basin.

A proposed rain garden is proposed on-site to provide water quality and detention for the site per City requirements.

B. DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA REFERENCES AND CONSTRAINTS

The proposed drainage design complies with both the Commerce City Storm Drainage Design and Technical Criteria Manual (May 2023) and the Mile-High Flood District Drainage Criteria Manual.

The site is located within the Irondale Gulch drainage basin. There are no known adjacent drainage studies that affect the subject site.

The relatively flat topography of the site required several proposed inlets to capture flows and convey them to the proposed rain garden facility despite the small size of the site. Additionally, the small available footprint of the site required the use of a walled rain garden facility to provide sufficient volume for the developed condition. Additionally, a concrete chase was required to convey emergency overflows from the proposed rain garden in order to not drain over the public sidewalk.

C. HYDROLOGIC CRITERIA

Design Storm Frequencies

Per the Commerce City Storm Drainage Design and Technical Criteria Manual, the 5 and 100-year storm events are analyzed as the minor and major storm events, respectively.



Hydrologic Method

Since the site is under 160 acres, the Rational Method was used to calculated runoff in this report. Flowrates were calculated using the following Commerce City SDDTCM and MHFD criteria manual formulas. Refer to **Appendix D** for Hydrologic calculations for the site.

- a) Runoff Coefficient and Impervious values are from Volume 1 Chapter 6 of MHFD drainage criteria manual table 6-3 "Recommended Percent Impervious Values".
- b) The one-hour precipitation values are derived from Section 4.3 "Time-Intensity-Frequency Curves".
- c) Time of Concentration is calculated using equation 504 for Urbanized Basins.
- d) The rainfall intensity was calculated using equation 5-1 from Volume 1 Chapter 5 of MHFD drainage criteria manual along with aforementioned P values.
- e) The peak flowrate is calculated Q = CIA.

D. HYDRAULIC CRITERIA

The Commerce City Storm Drainage Design and Technical Criteria Manual along with MHFD's criteria manual have been used to preliminarily size the on-site storm drain system. Sizing calculations for the underground storm system were conducted using the Hydraflow Storm Sewers Extension for AutoCAD. The proposed inlets on site were sized using MHFD's MHFD-Inlet software. These calculations are included in **Appendix F.**

The proposed open channels on site have been designed using the Hydraflow Express extension for AutoCAD. These calculations are provided in **Appendix G.**

E. STORMWATER QUALITY

The development will utilize the WQCV standard to meet the city's MS4 permit requirements. The development captures 0.40 acres of the 0.41-acre site, which equates to 97% of the property, and conveys it to the proposed rain garden facility that provides water quality for the development. This meets the minimum requirement of capturing 80% of the site or greater.

The development will satisfy MDCIA requirements by providing landscape areas and draining across them when possible and practicable. drainage in landscape areas. Runoff reduction volumes have not been taken into account when sizing the proposed rain garden facility.



4. DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGN

A. GENERAL CONCEPT

A proposed rain garden is provided on-site to provide both water quality treatment and to capture the 100-year developed runoff from the project. Runoff from the site is captured by on-site inlets and conveyed to the pond via a proposed storm drain system, as well as directly sheet flowing to the rain garden facility. Ultimately, all runoff treated by the facility will be conveyed via a proposed outlet pipe to the future public storm system located in East 86th Avenue. Detailed design information can be found in **Appendix E.** Due to grading constraints, two offsite basins enter the proposed property from the Rosemary Street right-of-way.

B. SPECIFIC DETAILS

Water quality and detention for the site is provided via a proposed on-site rain garden. The required detention volume for the site was determined using MHFD's Detention spreadsheet. The total required detention volume for the site is 0.043 acre-feet, or 1,873 cubic feet. The proposed pond provides the required 100-yr detention volume at a ponding depth of 2.33'. A proposed outlet structure controls outflows from the pond, including providing the required 12-hr water quality drain time via a perforated PVC underdrain and utilizing a restrictor plate on the outlet pipe to provide the required allowable outflow flowrate from the pond. The pond outfalls via an 18" storm pipe that connects to a future public 30" storm main located in East 86th Avenue. Emergency overflow for the facility will overtop the proposed north retaining wall through a 4' wide weir and is conveyed to a sidewalk chase drain that will convey flows to the East 86th Avenue right-of-way. Due to grading constraints, two offsite basins enter the site from the Rosemary Street public right-of-way and are conveyed to the proposed rain garden facility. Maintenance access for the facility will be provided by an access ramp that will allow maintenance personnel to access the bottom of the pond. A proposed drainage easement has been proposed to allow for maintenance access to the facility. Detailed calculations for the rain garden have been provided in Appendix E. The proposed drainage design for this site has been designed to comply with all local, state, and federal requirements.

5. <u>CONCLUSIONS</u>

A. <u>COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS</u>

All requirements set forth by the City of Commerce City Storm Drainage Design and Technical Criteria Manual (May 2023) and FEMA floodplain regulations have been met with this development. Water quality and detention are provided by the proposed on-site rain garden facility to meet the City's MS4 requirements by providing water quality treatment for 97% of the



site. Outflows from the proposed rain garden facility will be discharged to the future public storm system and emergency overflows will be conveyed to the public right-of-way. Operations and maintenance access for the proposed detention facility has been provided via a maintenance access ramp. The facility is also included within a Drainage Easement that will allow for maintenance personnel to enter the property for operations and maintenance purposes. The undetained area for this project is minimal and is conveyed to the public right-of-way. The proposed development does not negatively impact downstream drainage nor the adjacent properties.

6. <u>REFERENCES</u>

<u>Mile High Flood District Storm Drainage Criteria Manual (Volumes 1, 2, and 3)</u>, Revision dates vary

Commerce City Storm Drainage Design and Technical Criteria Manual, May 2023.

7. <u>APPENDICES</u>

- A. NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY
- B. FEMA FLOOD MAP
- C. GEOTECHNICAL REPORT (BY OTHERS)
- D. HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS
- E. RAIN GARDEN COMPUTATIONS
- F. <u>HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS</u>
- G. OPEN CHANNEL FLOW COMPUTATIONS
- H. DRAINAGE PLANS



APPENDIX A: NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY



United States Department of Agriculture

Natural Resources

Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants Custom Soil Resource Report for Adams County Area, Parts of Adams and Denver Counties, Colorado



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/? cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.

Custom Soil Resource Report Soil Map



MAP LEGEND				MAP INFORMATION
	terest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI)	8	Spoil Area Stony Spot	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.
Soils	Soil Map Unit Polygons Soil Map Unit Lines Soil Map Unit Points	© ∜ △	Very Stony Spot Wet Spot Other	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil
്യ	Point Features Blowout Borrow Pit	Water Fea	Special Line Features atures Streams and Canals	line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.
⊠ ¥ ◇	Clay Spot Closed Depression	Transport	t ation Rails Interstate Highways	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.
*	Gravel Pit Gravelly Spot Landfill	~	US Routes Major Roads	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)
0 A & *	Lava Flow Marsh or swamp Mine or Quarry	Backgrou	Local Roads Ind Aerial Photography	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.
0	Miscellaneous Water Perennial Water Rock Outcrop			This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.
* + ::	Saline Spot			Soil Survey Area: Adams County Area, Parts of Adams and Denver Counties, Colorado Survey Area Data: Version 19, Sep 1, 2022
⊕ ◇ ◇	Severely Eroded Spot Sinkhole Slide or Slip			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 9, 2021—Jun 12,
ø	Sodic Spot			2021 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background

MAP LEGEND

MAP INFORMATION

imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
VoC	Vona sandy loam, 3 to 5 percent slopes	0.9	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		0.9	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Adams County Area, Parts of Adams and Denver Counties, Colorado

VoC—Vona sandy loam, 3 to 5 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 34xc
Elevation: 4,000 to 5,600 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 15 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 52 degrees F
Frost-free period: 125 to 155 days
Farmland classification: Prime farmland if irrigated and the product of I (soil erodibility) x C (climate factor) does not exceed 60

Map Unit Composition

Vona and similar soils: 90 percent *Minor components:* 10 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Vona

Setting

Landform: Plains Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Eolian sands

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: sandy loam H2 - 7 to 22 inches: sandy loam H3 - 22 to 60 inches: loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 5 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Very low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (1.98 to 6.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 10 percent
Gypsum, maximum content: 2 percent
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to slightly saline (0.0 to 4.0 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e Hydrologic Soil Group: A Ecological site: R067BY024CO - Sandy Plains Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Truckton

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Hydric soil rating: No

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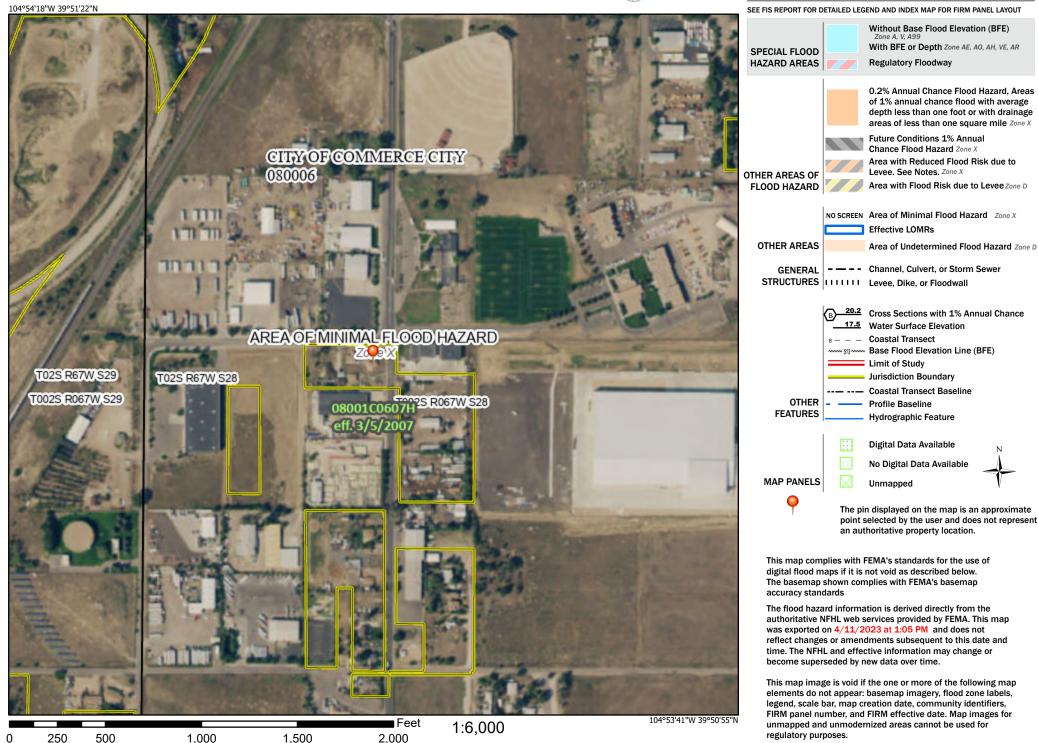


APPENDIX B: FEMA FLOOD MAP

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



Legend



Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020



APPENDIX C: GEOTECHNICAL REPORT (BY OTHERS)

Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W. 124th Ave, Ste. 300 Westminster, CO 80234 303.996.2999



April 20, 2020

Paragon Engineering Consultants, Inc. 801 West Mineral Avenue, Suite 202 Littleton, Colorado 80120

Attn: Mr. Jeff Cooper

Re: Proposal for Geotechnical Engineering Services Proposed Carbajal Automotive Dealership 8581 Rosemary Street Commerce City, Colorado CGG Proposal No. P20.22.107

Dear Mr. Cooper:

Cole Garner Geotechnical (CGG) appreciates the opportunity to submit this proposal to perform geotechnical engineering services for the proposed automotive dealership.

A. PROJECT INFORMATION – Based on information provided, we understand that the project will include redevelopment of the site into an automotive dealership. Existing development on the lot consists of a one-story residential building as well as two detached garages. We understand that the residence and one of the garages (southwest garage) will remain in place. The detached garage on the northwest portion of the lot will be moved to the north side of the garage located on the southwest portion of the site. A new foundation and slab-on-grade floor will be required for the relocated garage.

Other major site development will include construction of asphalt and/or concrete paved parking and drive lane areas. A stormwater retention pond will be constructed in the northwest portion of the site. Construction of proposed stormwater improvements will be performed following City of Commerce City standards. If our assumptions above are not accurate, or if you have additional useful information, please inform us as soon as possible.

B. SCOPE OF SERVICES – Our proposed scope of services includes Field Investigation, Engineering Analyses, and Report Preparation.

Field Investigation: The purpose of our geotechnical engineering services will be to evaluate the subsurface soil, bedrock, and groundwater conditions to provide geotechnical parameters for design and construction of the planned improvements.

We propose to advance a total of five (5) test borings within the proposed improvement areas, as outlined below. The borings will be drilled in the approximate locations as shown on the attached

Geotechnical Engineering and Materials Testing

Proposal for Geotechnical Engineering Services Carbajal Automotive Dealership Facility – 8581 Rosemary Street, Commerce City, CO CGG Proposal No: P20.22.107

Boring Location Diagram. The depth and location of test borings may be further adjusted depending upon actual site and subsurface conditions encountered.

	Geotechnical Exploration Scope			
Structure or Site feature	Borings	Proposed Boring Depths (ft)		
Retention Pond (RP2 to be utilized for detached garage relocation)	RP1 and RP2	20 to 35		
Pavements	P1 through P3	5		

Our basic scope of services **does not** include surveying, however, we can retain the services of a surveyor for an additional fee, upon request. If surveying is not possible, the borings will generally located in the field by our field personnel using a measuring wheel from existing site features, provided scaled drawings are available.

CGG will contact the Utility Notification Center of Colorado (UNCC) a minimum of 48 hours prior to commencing field exploration. *It should be noted that not all underground utilities may be identified, especially non-metallic pipes (such as HDPE, concrete or PVC) or those pipes without tracer wires. We request that the current landowner/contractor review our proposed boring locations so that they may inform us of conflicts with known utilities. CGG cannot be responsible for damage to underground utilities that cannot be located using these conventional methods, but can contract private underground utility locating services for an additional fee, if requested.*

During the drilling operations, CGG field personnel will log the borings, record the results of penetration tests in general accordance with locally recognized standards, and obtain samples for further laboratory evaluation. The depth to groundwater will be noted during exploration, if encountered. It is common for groundwater levels to fluctuate after drilling; therefore, we plan to leave the borings open until we can measure a relatively stable depth to groundwater (typically 24 to 72 hours). The borings will then be backfilled with the drilling cuttings. Drilling and sampling will be conducted in general accordance with applicable locally recognized standards.

At the completion of drilling operations, soil and/or bedrock samples will be returned to our laboratory where they will be examined by the project geotechnical engineer. At that time, the field descriptions will be confirmed or modified, boring logs will be drafted, and an applicable laboratory-testing program will be formulated.

We plan to perform percolation testing (or double-ring infiltrometer, if possible) of the soils at the approximate base of the proposed retention ponds. Testing will be performed adjacent to each of the proposed retention pond boring locations in general accordance with applicable standards.

Proposal for Geotechnical Engineering Services Carbajal Automotive Dealership Facility – 8581 Rosemary Street, Commerce City, CO CGG Proposal No: P20.22.107

Laboratory Testing: Relatively undisturbed samples will be tested for moisture content and dry density. Disturbed samples will be tested for liquid limit, plasticity index, gradation/-#200. Laboratory testing will be conducted in accordance with ASTM or other applicable locally recognized standards.

Engineering Analyses and Report Preparation: The information obtained from the field exploration and laboratory-testing program will be used to evaluate the subsurface conditions at the project site. From these determinations, engineering analyses will be performed in order to formulate recommendations for the design and construction of the development. Based upon our analyses, a geotechnical engineering report will be prepared containing recommendations for development of the project. The following information will be provided in the report:

- A brief review of our field and laboratory procedures, and the results of testing conducted;
- A discussion of the general subsurface conditions including soil/bedrock and groundwater conditions;
- Unsatisfactory soil conditions and recommended remedial measures;
- Current depth to groundwater, and recommended dewatering methods including subsurface drainage systems (if applicable);
- Design and construction recommendations for building foundations, including subgrade preparation, minimum dimensional requirements, maximum allowable bearing pressures, lateral earth pressures, and anticipated performance;
- Design and construction recommendations for the potential use of slab-on-grade interior floors, including subgrade preparation, anticipated performance, and the use of structural floors, if needed;
- Seismic Site Classification;
- Soil corrosivity;
- Pavement structural section alternatives for light and heavy duty sections, both asphalt and Portland cement concrete, considering a design life of 20-years, and;
- Results of percolation or infiltration testing for the use in design of stormwater systems; and
- Recommendations for earthwork construction.

A PDF-formatted copy of the report will be submitted, based upon the scope of services and limitations described herein. The report will be signed by a professional engineer responsible for the geotechnical services. Hard copies can be provided upon request.

C. SCHEDULE- We plan to commence field operations within 5 working days of after receiving written authorization. We have assumed that fieldwork may be performed during regular business hours and will take approximately 1 business day to complete, provided there are no weather delays. We estimate that laboratory testing may take up to 15 working days. Based on this schedule we anticipate providing a written report within 25 working days (five weeks) from the notice to proceed; however,

Proposal for Geotechnical Engineering Services Carbajal Automotive Dealership Facility – 8581 Rosemary Street, Commerce City, CO CGG Proposal No: P20.22.107

we estimate that preliminary design information can be provided within about 5 working days following completion of field work, if requested.

- D. COMPENSATION Our fees for conducting the geotechnical services outlined above will be \$3,650 lump sum, payable 30 days after invoice. Should additional services be requested, they will be invoiced according to our standard unit rates.
- **E. AUTHORIZATION** If this proposal meets with your approval, work may be initiated by executing the attached Agreement for Services and returning it to our office.

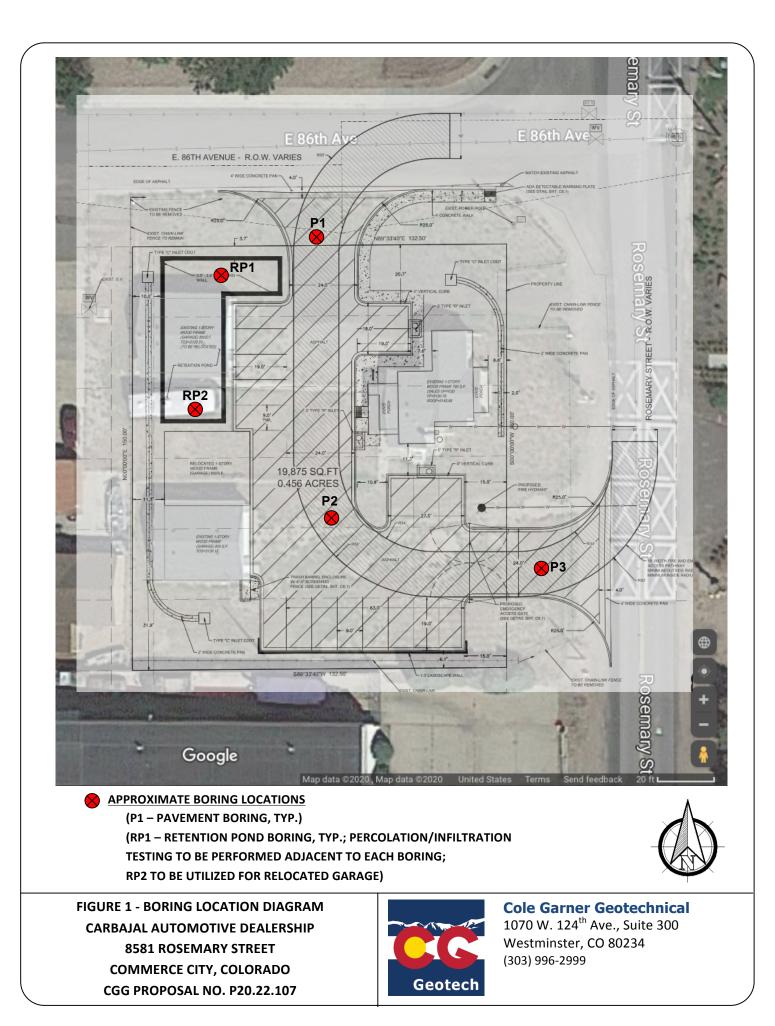
We appreciate the opportunity to provide this proposal and look forward to working with you on this project. If you have any questions or comments regarding this proposal or require additional services, please contact us.

Sincerely, Cole Garner Geotechnical

m V.O

Glenn D. Ohlsen, P.E. Project Engineer

Attachments: Agreement for Services



AGREEMENT FOR SERVICES

This **AGREEMENT** is between ______ ("Client") and PCH Group, LLC dba Cole Garner Geotechnical ("Consultant") for Services to be provided by Consultant for Client, for **Proposed Carbajal Automotive Dealership – 8581 Rosemary Street, Commerce City, CO** ("Project") as described in the Project Information section of Consultant's Proposal dated **April 20, 2020** ("Proposal") unless the Project is otherwise described in Exhibit B to this Agreement (which section or Exhibit is incorporated into this Agreement).

- 1. Scope of Services. The scope of Consultant's services is described in the Scope of Services section of the Proposal ("Services"), unless Services are otherwise described in Exhibit B to this Agreement (which section or exhibit is incorporated into this Agreement). Portions of the Services may be subcontracted. Consultant's Services do not include the investigation or detection of, nor do recommendations in Consultant's reports address the presence or prevention of biological pollutants (e.g., mold, fungi, bacteria, viruses, or their byproducts) occupant safety issues, such as vulnerability to natural disasters, terrorism, or violence. If Services include purchase of software, Client will execute a separate software license agreement. Consultant's findings, opinions, and recommendations are based solely upon data and information obtained by and furnished to Consultant at the time of the Services.
- 2. Acceptance. Client agrees that execution of this Agreement is a material element of the consideration Consultant requires to execute the Services, and if Services are initiated by Consultant prior to execution of this Agreement as an accommodation for Client at Client's request, both parties shall consider that commencement of Services constitutes formal acceptance of all terms and conditions of this Agreement. Additional terms and conditions may be added or changed only by written amendment to this Agreement signed by both parties. In the event Client uses a purchase order or other form to administer this Agreement, the use of such form shall be for convenience purposes only and any additional or conflicting terms it contains are stricken. This Agreement shall not be assigned by either party without prior written consent of the other party, however, Client may assign this agreement to an Affiliate of Client.
- **3.** Change Orders. Client or their representative may request changes to the scope of Services by altering or adding to the Services to be performed. If Client so requests, Consultant will return to Client a statement (or supplemental proposal) of the change setting forth an adjustment to the Services and fees for the requested changes. Following Client's review, Client shall provide written acceptance. If Client does not follow these procedures, but instead directs, authorizes, or permits Consultant to perform changed or additional work, the Services are changed accordingly and Consultant will be paid for this work according to the fees stated or its current fee schedule. If project conditions change materially from those observed at the site or described to Consultant at the time of proposal, Consultant is entitled to a change order equitably adjusting its Services and fee.
- 4. Compensation and Terms of Payment. Client shall pay compensation for the Services performed at the fees stated in the Compensation section of the Proposal unless fees are otherwise stated in Exhibit C to this Agreement (which section or Exhibit is incorporated into this Agreement). If not stated in either, fees will be according to Consultant's current fee schedule. Fee schedules are valid for the calendar year in which they are issued. Consultant may invoice Client at least monthly and payment is due upon receipt of invoice. Client shall notify Consultant in writing, at the address below, within 15 days of the date of the invoice if Client objects to any portion of the charges on the invoice, and shall promptly pay the undisputed portion. Client shall pay a finance fee of 1.5% per month, but not exceeding the maximum rate allowed by law, for all unpaid amounts 30 days or older. Client agrees to pay all collection-related costs that Consultant incurs, including attorney fees. Consultant may suspend Services for lack of timely payment.
- 5. Third Party Reliance. This Agreement and the Services provided are for Consultant and Client's sole benefit and exclusive use with no third party beneficiaries intended, with the exception of assignment to a financial partner or affiliate. Reliance upon the Services and any work product is limited to Client, and is not intended for third parties. For a limited time period not to exceed three months from the date of the report, Consultant will issue additional reports to others agreed upon with Client, however Client understands that such reliance will not be granted until those parties sign and return Consultant's reliance agreement and Consultant receives the agreed-upon reliance fee.

- 6. Indemnification. Consultant agrees to indemnify and hold harmless Client against any claim, loss, liability, duty, obligation or damage to the extent arising out of the negligent acts or omissions of Consultant, its contractors, subcontractors, guests, invitees, employees or agents, in connection with the performance of Consultant's obligations under this Agreement. This section shall survive expiration or termination of this Agreement.
- 7. Warranty. Consultant will perform the Services in a manner consistent with that level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the profession currently practicing under similar conditions in the same locale. CONSULTANT MAKES NO WARRANTIES OR GUARANTEES, PRESS OR IMPLIED, RELATING TO CONSULTANT'S SERVICES AND CONSULTANT DISCLAIMS ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OR WARRANTIES IMPOSED BY LAW, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
- 8. Insurance. Consultant represents that it now carries, and will continue to carry: (i) workers' compensation insurance in accordance with the laws of the states having jurisdiction over Consultant's employees who are engaged in the Services, and employer's liability insurance (\$1,000,000); (ii) commercial general liability insurance (\$1,000,000 occ/\$2,000,000 agg); (iii) automobile liability insurance (\$1,000,000 B.I. and P.D. combined single limit); and (iv) professional liability insurance (\$2,000,000 claim/agg). Certificates of Insurance will be provided upon request. Client and Consultant shall waive subrogation against the other party on all general liability and property coverage.
- 9. CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. NEITHER PARTY SHALL BE LIABLE TO THE OTHER FOR LOSS OF PROFITS OR REVENUE; LOSS OF USE OR OPPORTUNITY; LOSS OF GOOD WILL; COST OF SUBSTITUTE FACILITIES, GOODS, OR SERVICES; COST OF CAPITAL; OR FOR ANY SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES.
- 10. Dispute Resolution. Client and Consultant agree that all claims, disputes or other matters in question arising out of or relating to this Agreement, shall be subject to litigation, if not resolved in another manner acceptable to both parties. The venue for such litigation shall be the Colorado court system having jurisdiction for the subject development at the time of performance.
- **11. Governing Law.** This Agreement and its terms shall be governed by the laws of the State of Colorado and each party agrees that jurisdiction and venue shall be in the federal courts of Colorado. If any action or proceeding is instituted to enforce or interpret any provision of this Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs from the losing party.
- 12. Subsurface Explorations. Subsurface conditions throughout the site may vary from those depicted on logs or discrete borings, test pits, or other exploratory services. Client understands Consultant's layout of boring and test locations is approximate and that Consultant may deviate a reasonable distance from those locations. Consultant will take reasonable precautions to reduce damage to the site when performing Services; however, Client accepts that invasive services such as drilling or sampling may damage or alter the site. Site restoration is not provided unless specifically included in the Services. Consultant shall not be responsible for damage to on-site utilities not located through the Utility Notification Center of Colorado.
- **13. Testing and Observations.** Client understands that testing and observation are discrete sampling procedures, and that such procedures indicate conditions only at the depths, locations, and times the procedures were performed. Consultant will provide test results and opinions based on tests and field observations only for the work tested. Client understands that testing and observation are not continuous or exhaustive and are conducted to reduce not eliminate project risk. Client agrees to the level or amount of testing performed and the associated risk. Client is responsible (even if delegated to contractor) for notifying and scheduling Consultant so Consultant can perform these Services. Consultant shall not be responsible for the quality and completeness of contractor's work or their adherence to the project documents, and Consultant's performance of testing and observation services shall not relieve contractor in any way from its responsibility for defects discovered in its work, or create a warranty or guarantee. Consultant will not supervise or direct the work performed by contractor or its subcontractors and is not responsible for their means and methods.

- 14. Sample Disposition, Affected Materials, and Indemnity. Samples are consumed in testing or disposed of upon completion of tests (unless stated otherwise in the Services). Client shall furnish or cause to be furnished to Consultant all documents and information known or available to Client that relate to the identity, location, quantity, nature, or characteristic of any hazardous waste, toxic, radioactive, or contaminated materials ("Affected Materials") at or near the site, and shall immediately transmit new, updated, or revised information as it becomes available. Client agrees that Consultant is not responsible for the disposition of Affected Material unless specifically provided in the Services, and that Client is responsible for directing such disposition. In the event that test samples obtained during the performance of Services (i) contain substances hazardous to health, safety, or the environment, or (ii) equipment used during the Services cannot reasonably be decontaminated, Client shall sign documentation (if necessary) required to ensure the equipment and/or samples are transported and disposed of properly, and agrees to pay Consultant the fair market value of this equipment and reasonable disposal costs. In no event shall Consultant be required to sign a hazardous waste manifest or take title to any Affected Materials. Client shall have the obligation to make all spill or release notifications to appropriate governmental agencies. The Client agrees that Consultant neither created nor contributed to the creation or existence of any Affected Materials conditions at the site. Accordingly, Client waives any claim against Consultant and agrees to indemnify and save Consultant, its agents, employees, and related companies harmless from any claim, liability or defense cost, including attorney and expert fees, for injury or loss sustained by any party from such exposures allegedly arising out of Consultant's non-negligent performance of services hereunder, or for any claims against Consultant as a generator, disposer, or arranger of Affected Materials under federal, state, or local law or ordinance.
- **15. Confidentiality.** By signing this Agreement, Consultant agrees to comply with the terms of the Confidential Disclosure Agreement attached as Exhibit "A". Consultant Agrees to have all employees, sub-contractors and agents comply with the terms of the Confidential Disclosure Agreement.
- **16. Assignment of Work Product.** Upon final payment by Client to Consultant of all amounts due under the this Agreement, Consultant shall assign to Client, in writing if requested by Client, all work product produced by Consultant in connection with the performance of its obligations under this Agreement (the "<u>Work Product</u>"). Client agrees that Work Product so assigned shall not be used by Client or Client in connection with any other project other than the project related to this Agreement.
- **17.** Utilities. Client shall provide the location and/or arrange for the marking of private utilities and subterranean structures. Consultant shall take reasonable precautions to avoid damage or injury to subterranean structures or utilities. Consultant shall not be responsible for damage to subterranean structures or utilities that are not called to Consultant's attention, are not correctly marked, including by a utility locate service, or are incorrectly shown on the plans furnished to Consultant.
- **18.** Site Access and Safety. Client shall secure all necessary site related approvals, permits, licenses, and consents necessary to commence and complete the Services and will execute any necessary site access agreement. Consultant will be responsible for supervision and site safety measures for its own employees, but shall not be responsible for the supervision or health and safety precautions for any other parties, including Client, Client's contractors, subcontractors, or other parties present at the site.
- **19. Termination.** Either party may terminate this Agreement or the Services upon written notice to the other. In such case, Consultant shall be paid costs incurred and fees earned to the date of termination plus reasonable costs of closing the project.

20. Limitation of Liability. Client and Consultant have evaluated the risks and rewards associated with this project, including Consultant's Fee relative to the risks assumed, and agree to allocate certain of the risks so, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the total aggregate liability of Consultant (and its related entities and employees) to Client, its other design and construction professionals and third parties granted reliance is limited to the greater of **\$25,000** or its fee for any and all injuries, damages, claims, losses, or expenses (including attorney and expert fees) arising out of Consultant's services or this agreement regardless of cause(s) or the theory of liability, including negligence, indemnity, or other recovery. Upon written request from Client, Consultant may negotiate a higher limitation of liability amount for an additional fee.

Consultant: PCH Group, LLC	
dba Cole Garner Geotechnical	Client:
By: Clem P. Ohls	Ву:
	Print Name:
Name/Title: Glenn D. Ohlsen, P.E. / Project	Title
Engineer	Title:
Address: 1070 West 124 th Avenue, Suite 300 Westminster, Colorado 80234	Date:
Phone: 303-996-2999	Client Phone #:
Date: 4/20/2020	Client Email:
	Billing Info: (If different from above)
	Bill To:
	Billing Address:
	Billing City/State/Zip:
	Billing Contact Name:
	Billing Phone #:
	Billing Email:



APPENDIX D: HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS

8620 Wolff Ct, Suite 250 Westminster, CO 80031 720.774.7736 www.raptor-civil.com

COMPOSITE RUNOFF CALCULATIONS

PROJECT NAME: 8581 Rosemary St CALCULATED BY: ISL

DATE: 11/7/2023



"C" Factors for Composite Analysis

C2	0.74	0.74	0.30	0.01
C5	0.77	0.77	0.36	0.05
C10	0.80	0.80	0.43	0.15
C25	0.82	0.82	0.54	0.33
C50	0.83	0.83	0.59	0.40
C100	0.85	0.85	0.65	0.49
I (%)	90%	90%	40%	2%

Runoff Coefficients derived from MHFD Volume 1, Chapter 6 (Runoff), Table 6-3 & 6-4 for NRCS Group C&D Soils.

Basin	Basin	Basin	Roof	Walk/Drive	Gravel	Landscape	Composite	C 2yr	C 5yr	C 10yr	C 25yr	C 50yr	C 100yr
ID	Area (ac)	Area (sf)	Area (sf)	Area (sf)	Area (sf)	Area (sf)	Imperviousness	C 2yi	C Syr	Citoyi	C 25yr	C Soyr	C 1009/
H1	0.41	17713	2515	801	2544	11853	23.93%	0.19	0.23	0.31	0.45	0.51	0.58
D1	0.21	9128	1867	6214	0	1047	79.91%	0.65	0.69	0.72	0.77	0.78	0.81
D2	0.02	948	317	110	0	521	41.64%	0.34	0.38	0.44	0.55	0.60	0.65
D3	0.06	2403	0	254	0	2149	11.30%	0.09	0.13	0.22	0.38	0.45	0.53
D4	0.11	4680	395	2401	0	1884	54.57%	0.44	0.48	0.54	0.62	0.66	0.71
O\$1	0.03	1095	0	747	0	348	62.03%	0.51	0.54	0.59	0.67	0.70	0.74
OS2	0.08	3308	0	140	0	3168	5.72%	0.04	0.08	0.17	0.35	0.42	0.51
U1	0.01	369	0	0	0	369	2.00%	0.01	0.05	0.15	0.33	0.40	0.49
U2	0.00	185	0	31	0	154	16.75%	0.13	0.17	0.26	0.41	0.48	0.55
Subject Property	0.41	17713	2579	9010	0	6124	59.58%						
Total Site	0.51	22116	2579	9897	0	9640	51.64%						

	Overland Flo	w Time		Channelized Flow Time						
Basin ID	Overland Flow Length (ft)	Overland Flow Slope (ft/ft)	Overland Flow Time (min)	Channelized Flow Length (ft)	Channelized Flow Slope (ft/ft)	Channelized Flow Time (min)	Time of Concentration* (min)			
H1	166	0.01	22.25	0	1.00	0.00	22.25			
D1	25	0.01	3.70	35	0.01	0.29	3.99			
D2	18	0.09	2.65	0	1.00	0.00	2.65			
D3	24	0.03	5.99	129	0.01	0.98	6.97			
D4	30	0.02	5.03	83	0.01	0.58	5.61			
OS1	38	0.05	3.59	0	0	1.00	0.00	3.59		
OS2	27	0.04	6.04	60	0.02	0.35	6.40			
U1	10	0.06	3.31	0	1.00	0.00	3.31			
U2	2	0.02	1.88	0	1.00	0.00	1.88			

Time of Concentration is derived from MHFD Volume 1, Chapter 6 (Runoff), Section 2.4

*Minimum Time of Concentration is 5 mins

	2-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr					
1-hour rainfall depth (in)=	0.84	1.12	1.37	1.75	2.08	2.43					
th is derived from MHED Detention spreadsheet v4.02. By alwas											

Rainfall depth is derived from MHFD-Detention sprea	adsheet v4.03,	P values

	Peak Flow (cfs)												
Basin ID	l 2yr	l 5yr	l 10yr	1 25yr	l 50yr	l 100yr	Basin ID	Q 2yr	Q 5yr	Q 10yr	Q 25yr	Q 50yr	Q 100yr
H1	1.56	2.08	2.55	3.25	3.87	4.52	H1	0.12	0.20	0.32	0.60	0.80	1.07
D1	2.85	3.80	4.65	5.94	7.06	8.24	D1	0.39	0.55	0.70	0.95	1.16	1.40
D2	2.85	3.80	4.65	5.94	7.06	8.24	D2	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.07	0.09	0.12
D3	2.59	3.45	4.22	5.39	6.40	7.48	D3	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.11	0.16	0.22
D4	2.76	3.68	4.50	5.75	6.84	7.99	D4	0.13	0.19	0.26	0.39	0.49	0.61
OS1	2.85	3.80	4.65	5.94	7.06	8.24	OS1	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.10	0.12	0.15
OS2	2.66	3.54	4.33	5.53	6.58	7.68	OS2	0.01	0.02	0.06	0.15	0.21	0.30
U1	2.85	3.80	4.65	5.94	7.06	8.24	U1	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.03
U2	2.85	3.80	4.65	5.94	7.06	8.24	U2	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02

Peak Flow is derived from the Rational Method Equation



APPENDIX E: RAIN GARDEN COMPUTATIONS

8620 Wolff Ct, Suite 250 Westminster, CO 80031 720.774.7736 www.raptor-civil.com

DETENTION BASIN STAGE STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

180-YIM EURY WOCY VOLUME EURY WOCY PERMANY OWNERS ORF 1400 OFFICE
POOL Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)
Example zone configuration (Retention Fond)

Watershed Information

tershed Information										
Selected BMP Type =	RG									
Watershed Area =	0.41	acres								
Watershed Length =	200	ft								
Watershed Length to Centroid =	100	ft								
Watershed Slope =	0.010	ft/ft								
Watershed Imperviousness =	59.58%	percent								
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	100.0%	percent								
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	0.0%	percent								
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent								
Target WQCV Drain Time =	12.0	hours								
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths = Commerce City - Civic Center										

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

the embedded Colorado Urban Hydro	Optional Use	r Override:		
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.006	acre-feet		acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.030	acre-feet		acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 0.84 in.) =	0.014	acre-feet		inches
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.12 in.) =	0.020	acre-feet		inches
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.37 in.) =	0.025	acre-feet		inches
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.75 in.) =	0.033	acre-feet		inches
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.08 in.) =	0.043	acre-feet		inches
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.43 in.) =	0.054	acre-feet		inches
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.35 in.) =	0.083	acre-feet		inches
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.014	acre-feet		
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.019	acre-feet		
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.024	acre-feet		
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.032	acre-feet		
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	0.038	acre-feet		
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	0.043	acre-feet		

Define Zones and Basin Geometry

Define Zones and Basin Geometry		
Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.006	acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.023	acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.014	acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	0.043	acre-feet
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	N/A	ft ³
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	N/A	ft
Total Available Detention Depth (Htotal) =	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel $(H_{TC}) =$	N/A	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S _{TC}) =	N/A	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (S _{main}) =	user	H:V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio (R _{L/W}) =	user	

user ft² Initial Surcharge Area (A_{ISV}) = Surcharge Volume Length (L_{ISV}) = Surcharge Volume Width (W_{ISV}) = user user Depth of Basin Floor $(H_{FLOOR}) =$ user Length of Basin Floor (LFLOOR) = user Width of Basin Floor (W_{FLOOR}) = user Area of Basin Floor $(A_{FLOOR}) =$ user Volume of Basin Floor (V_{FLOOR}) = user Depth of Main Basin (H_{MAIN}) = user Length of Main Basin (L_{MAIN}) = Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN}) = user user Area of Main Basin (A_{MAIN}) = user
 Volume of Main Basin (V_{MAIN}) =
 user

 Calculated Total Basin Volume (V_{total}) =
 user

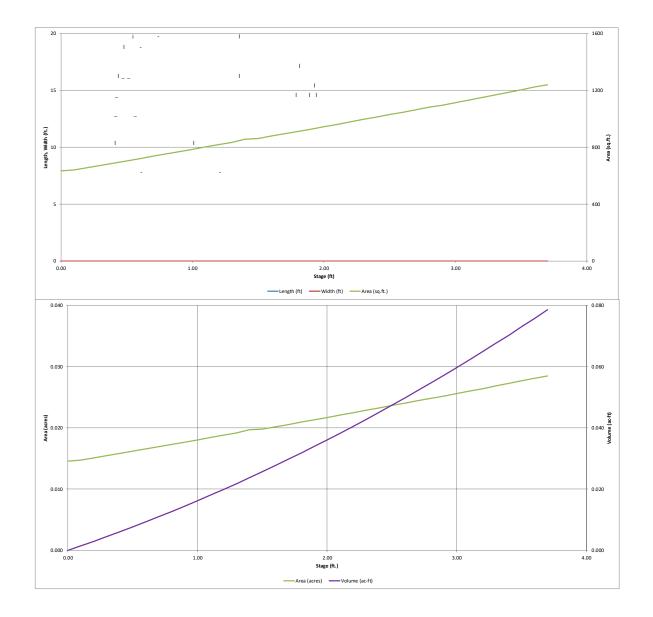
ft

acre-feet

>				-							
		Depth Increment =	0.10	ft							
		Stage - Storage	Stage	Optional Override	Length	Width	Area	Optional Override	Area	Volume	Volume
		Description	(ft)	Stage (ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft ²)	Area (ft ²)	(acre)	(ft 3)	(ac-ft)
		Media Surface	-	0.00	1	-	1	635	0.015		
		5125.7	-	0.10	1	-	1	641	0.015	64	0.001
		5125.8	-	0.20	-	-	-	656	0.015	129	0.003
		5125.9		0.30	-			672	0.015	195	0.004
		5126		0.40	-		-	688	0.016	263	0.006
		5126.1		0.50	-			704	0.016	333	0.008
		5126.2		0.60				720	0.017	404	0.009
		5126.3		0.70				736	0.017	477	0.011
		5126.4		0.80	-		-	752	0.017	551	0.013
		5126.5 5126.6		0.90	-		-	769 785	0.018	627 705	0.014 0.016
		5126.7		1.10	-		-	802	0.018	784	0.010
		5126.8		1.20	-			818	0.010	865	0.020
		5126.9		1.30				834	0.019	948	0.022
lse	r Overrides	5127		1.40				856	0.020	1,032	0.024
	acre-feet	5127.1		1.50				861	0.020	1,118	0.026
	acre-feet	5127.2		1.60	-		-	878	0.020	1,205	0.028
	inches	5127.3		1.70	-		-	894	0.021	1,294	0.030
	inches	5127.4	-	1.80	-		-	911	0.021	1,384	0.032
	inches	5127.5		1.90	-		-	927	0.021	1,476	0.034
	inches	5127.6		2.00	-		-	944	0.022	1,569	0.036
	inches	5127.7		2.10			-	961	0.022	1,665	0.038
	inches	5127.8		2.20				978	0.022	1,762	0.040
	inches	5127.9		2.30	-		-	995	0.023	1,860	0.043
		5128		2.40	-		-	1,012	0.023	1,961	0.045
		5128.1 5128.2	-	2.50	-		-	1,029 1,046	0.024	2,063 2,166	0.047
		5128.2		2.80	-		-	1,046	0.024	2,100	0.050
		5128.5		2.70	-		-	1,003	0.024	2,272	0.052
		5128.5		2.90	-		-	1,096	0.025	2,488	0.055
		5128.6		3.00			-	1,114	0.026	2,598	0.060
		5128.7		3.10	-		-	1,132	0.026	2,711	0.062
		5128.8		3.20	-		-	1,149	0.026	2,825	0.065
		5128.9		3.30	-		-	1,168	0.027	2,941	0.068
		5129		3.40				1,186	0.027	3,058	0.070
		5129.1		3.50	-			1,204	0.028	3,178	0.073
		5129.2		3.60			-	1,223	0.028	3,299	0.076
		5129.3		3.70			-	1,241	0.028	3,422	0.079
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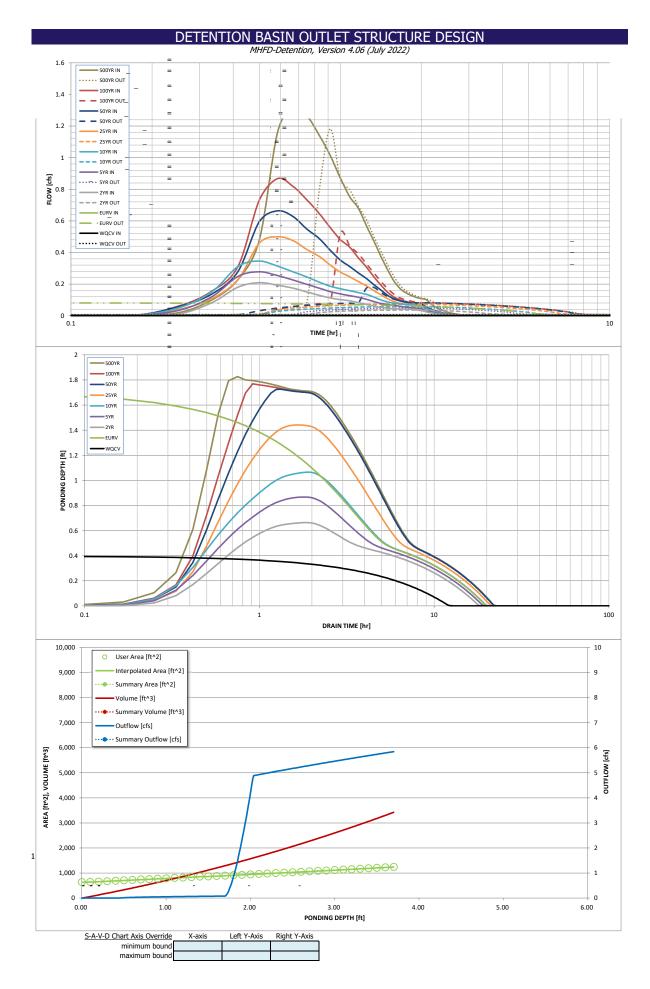
DETENTION BASIN STAGE STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)



DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

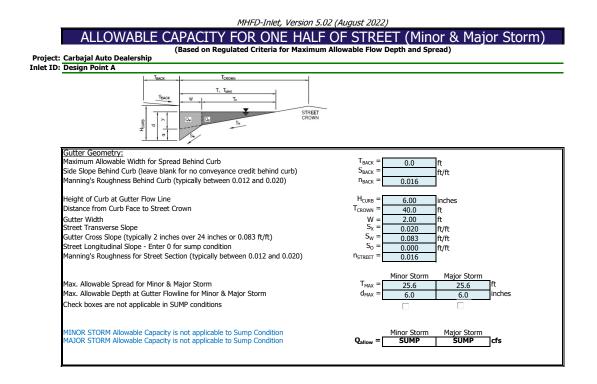
Durationale	0501 D		HFD-Detention, Vo		2022)							
	8581 Rosemary St Detention Pond	<u>.</u>										
ZONE 3				Estimated	Estimated							
ZONE 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2				Stage (ft)	Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type						
			Zone 1 (WQCV)		0.006	outer type	1					
	100-YEAR		Zone 2 (EURV)		0.000							
ZONE 1 AND 2	ORIFICE		, ,									
PERMANENT ORIFICES POOL Example Zone (Configuration (Ret		Zone 3 (100-year)									
	•			Total (all zones)								
User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typical	ŕ	Ĩ						eters for Underdrain	<u>1</u>			
Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =	2.03		the filtration media	i surface)		rain Orifice Area =	0.0	ft ²				
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =	0.39	inches			Underdrain	Orifice Centroid =	0.02	feet				
User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifi	ces or Elliptical Slot	Weir (typically use	d to drain WOCV a	nd/or ELIPV/ in a co	dimentation BMP)		Calculated Parame	ators for Plata				
Centroid of Lowest Orifice =	N/A		n bottom at Stage =			ce Area per Row =	N/A	ft ²				
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	N/A		n bottom at Stage =			otical Half-Width =	N/A	feet				
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	N/A	inches	i bottom ut btuge	0.0)		cal Slot Centroid =	N/A	feet				
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	sq. inches				liptical Slot Area =	N/A	ft ²				
	,	1					,	1				
User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orific	e Row (numbered	from lowest to high	<u>nest)</u>									
	Row 1 (optional)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)]			
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A]			
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)				
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectand			1					eters for Vertical Or	<u>ifice</u>			
	Zone 2 Rectangula	Not Selected					Zone 2 Rectangula					
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	0.43	N/A		n bottom at Stage =	•	tical Orifice Area =	0.01	N/A	ft ²			
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	1.70	N/A	-	n bottom at Stage =	= 0 ft) Vertical	Orifice Centroid =	0.04	N/A	feet			
Vertical Orifice Height =	1.00	N/A	inches									
Vertical Orifice Width =	2.00	J	inches									
User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat					that Direc				A / - :			
User Input. Overnow Weil (Dropbox with Flat o	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected			<u>utiet ripe)</u>		Zone 3 Weir	eters for Overflow V Not Selected				
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	1.70		ft (relative to basin I	bottom at Stage = 0 1	(t) Height of Grate	Inner Edge H. =	1.70	N/A	feet			
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	4.00	N/A	feet	bottom at Stage = 01	-	eir Slope Length =	3.67	N/A	feet			
Overflow Weir Grate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V	Grz	ate Open Area / 10	• •	19.81	N/A	icce			
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	3.67	N/A	feet		erflow Grate Open	•	10.22	N/A	ft ²			
Overflow Grate Type =	Type C Grate	N/A			•		E 11					
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A										
			%		verflow Grate Oper	Area wy Debris -	5.11	N/A				
			%		verflow Grate Oper	TAIEd W/ Debits -	5.11	N/A				
User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plat	<u>e (Circular Orifice, I</u>	Restrictor Plate, or	3	<u>.</u>)				N/A / Flow Restriction Pl	1			
User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plat	e (Circular Orifice, I Zone 3 Restrictor	Restrictor Plate, or Not Selected	3	<u>;)</u>				/ Flow Restriction Pl	1			
User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plat Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =			Rectangular Orifice	<u>e)</u> Pasin bottom at Stage	<u>Cal</u>		s for Outlet Pipe w/	/ Flow Restriction Pl	1			
	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	Rectangular Orifice	-	= 0 ft) Ou	culated Parameters	s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Restrictor	/ Flow Restriction P Not Selected	late			
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	Zone 3 Restrictor 2.13 18.00	Not Selected N/A	Rectangular Orifice ft (distance below ba	asin bottom at Stage	= 0 ft) Ou	culated Parameters Itlet Orifice Area = Orifice Centroid =	s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Restrictor 0.52	/ Flow Restriction Pl Not Selected N/A N/A	late ft ²			
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Outlet Pipe Diameter = Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	Zone 3 Restrictor 2.13 18.00 6.00	Not Selected N/A	Rectangular Orifice ft (distance below ba inches	asin bottom at Stage	<u>Cal</u> = 0 ft) Ou Outlet	culated Parameters Itlet Orifice Area = Orifice Centroid =	s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Restrictor 0.52 0.29 1.23	/ Flow Restriction Pl Not Selected N/A N/A N/A	late ft ² feet			
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Outlet Pipe Diameter = Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular o	Zone 3 Restrictor 2.13 18.00 6.00 r Trapezoidal)	Not Selected N/A N/A	Rectangular Orifice ft (distance below ba inches inches	asin bottom at Stage Half-Centr	<u>Cal</u> = 0 ft) Ou Outlet ral Angle of Restrict	culated Parameters titlet Orifice Area = Orifice Centroid = tor Plate on Pipe =	s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Restrictor 0.52 0.29 1.23 <u>Calculated Parame</u>	/ Flow Restriction Pl Not Selected N/A N/A N/A	late ft ² feet			
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Outlet Pipe Diameter = Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert = <u>User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular o</u> Spillway Invert Stage=	Zone 3 Restrictor 2.13 18.00 6.00 r Trapezoidal) 3.70	Not Selected N/A N/A	Rectangular Orifice ft (distance below ba inches	asin bottom at Stage Half-Centr	<u>Cal</u> = 0 ft) Ou Outlet ral Angle of Restrict Spillway Do	culated Parameters titlet Orifice Area = Orifice Centroid = cor Plate on Pipe = esign Flow Depth=	s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Restrictor 0.52 0.29 1.23 Calculated Parame 0.16	/ Flow Restriction Pl Not Selected N/A N/A N/A eters for Spillway feet	late ft ² feet			
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Outlet Pipe Diameter = Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert = <u>User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular o</u> Spillway Invert Stage= Spillway Crest Length =	Zone 3 Restrictor 2.13 18.00 6.00 r Trapezoidal) 3.70 4.00	Not Selected N/A N/A ft (relative to basin feet	Rectangular Orifice ft (distance below ba inches inches	asin bottom at Stage Half-Centr	<u>Cal</u> = 0 ft) Ou Outlet ral Angle of Restrict Spillway Do Stage at T	culated Parameters utlet Orifice Area = Orifice Centroid = cor Plate on Pipe = esign Flow Depth= op of Freeboard =	s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Restrictor 0.52 0.29 1.23 Calculated Parame 0.16 4.36	/ Flow Restriction Pl Not Selected N/A N/A N/A	late ft ² feet			
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Outlet Pipe Diameter = Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert = <u>User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular o</u> Spillway Invert Stage= Spillway Crest Length = Spillway End Slopes =	Zone 3 Restrictor 2.13 18.00 6.00 r Trapezoidal) 3.70 4.00 4.00	Not Selected N/A N/A ft (relative to basir feet H:V	Rectangular Orifice ft (distance below ba inches inches	asin bottom at Stage Half-Centr	<u>Cal</u> = 0 ft) Ou Outlet ral Angle of Restrict Spillway Du Stage at T Basin Area at T	culated Parameters itlet Orifice Area = Orifice Centroid = icor Plate on Pipe = esign Flow Depth= op of Freeboard = op of Freeboard =	s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Restrictor 0.52 0.29 1.23 <u>Calculated Parame</u> 0.16 4.36 0.03	/ Flow Restriction Pl Not Selected N/A N/A N/A eters for Spillway feet feet acres	late ft ² feet			
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Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Outlet Pipe Diameter = Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular o Spillway Invert Stage= Spillway Crest Length = Spillway Crest Length = Spillway Crest Length = Spillway End Slopes = Freeboard above Max Water Surface = Routed Hydrograph Results Design Storm Return Period = One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) = CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) = CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) = OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) = Predevelopment Unit Peak Four Q (cfs) = Predevelopment Unit Peak Four Q (cfs) = Peak Inflow Q (cfs) = Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q = Structure Controlling Flow = Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) = Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) = Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	Zone 3 Restrictor 2.13 18.00 6.00 r Trapezoidal) 3.70 4.00 0.50 The user can over WQCV N/A 0.006 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	Not Selected N/A N/A N/A It (relative to basir feet H:V feet EURV N/A 0.030 N/A	Rectangular Orifice ft (distance below bainches inches inches n bottom at Stage = //// hydrographs an 2 Year 0.84 0.014 0.014 0.02 0.29 0.2 0.04 N/A Vertical Orifice 1 N/A N/A 17 18	A sin bottom at Stage Half-Centr = 0 ft) Half-Centr = 0 ft) Half-Centr	Cal = 0 ft) Ou Outlet Outlet ral Angle of Restrict Spillway Dr Stage at T Basin Area at T Basin Area at T Basin Volume at T Basin Volume at T Outlet 1.37 0.025 0.02 0.78 0.32 0.78 0.18 Vertical Orifice 1 N/A N/A N/A 18 19 19	culated Parameters titlet Orifice Area = Orifice Centroid = tior Plate on Pipe = asign Flow Depth= op of Freeboard = op of Freeboard = op of Freeboard = tes in the Inflow H 25 Year 1.75 0.033 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.0 0.60 1.46 0.5 0.07 0.12 Vertical Orifice 1 N/A N/A 19 21	s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Restrictor 0.52 0.29 1.23 Calculated Parame 0.16 4.36 0.03 0.08 wdrographs table (0 50 Year 2.08 0.043 0.043 0.043 0.1 0.80 1.95 0.7 0.7 0.18 0.22 0.7 0.7 0.18 0.22	/ Flow Restriction PI Not Selected N/A N/A N/A eters for Spillway feet feet acres acre-ft Columns W through 100 Year 2.43 0.054 0.2 1.07 2.61 0.9 0.52 0.49 Overflow Weir 1 0.0 N/A	ate ft ² feet radians 500 Year 3.35 0.083 0.083 0.5 1.12 1.3 1.18 2.6 Dverflow We 0.1 N/A N/A 17 20			

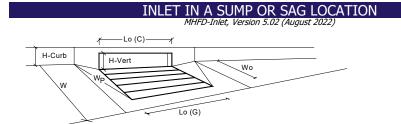




APPENDIX F: HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

8620 Wolff Ct, Suite 250 Westminster, CO 80031 720.774.7736 www.raptor-civil.com





Design Information (Input)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	Type =	CDOT Type R	Curb Opening	
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
Grate Information	-	MINOR	MAJOR	Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	$L_{o}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	$C_{f}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C_{w} (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	$C_o(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information	-	MINOR	MAJOR	-
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	$L_{o}(C) =$	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	$W_p =$	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	$C_{f}(C) =$	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	$C_w(C) =$	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	$L_{o}(L) =$	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d _{Curb} =	0.33	0.33	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	1
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Curb} =	1.00	1.00	-
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	-
combination finder enormalice reduction ruletor for Eolig fileto	· ·· combination			
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q _a =	5.4	5.4	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	Q PEAK REQUIRED =	0.6	1.6	cfs

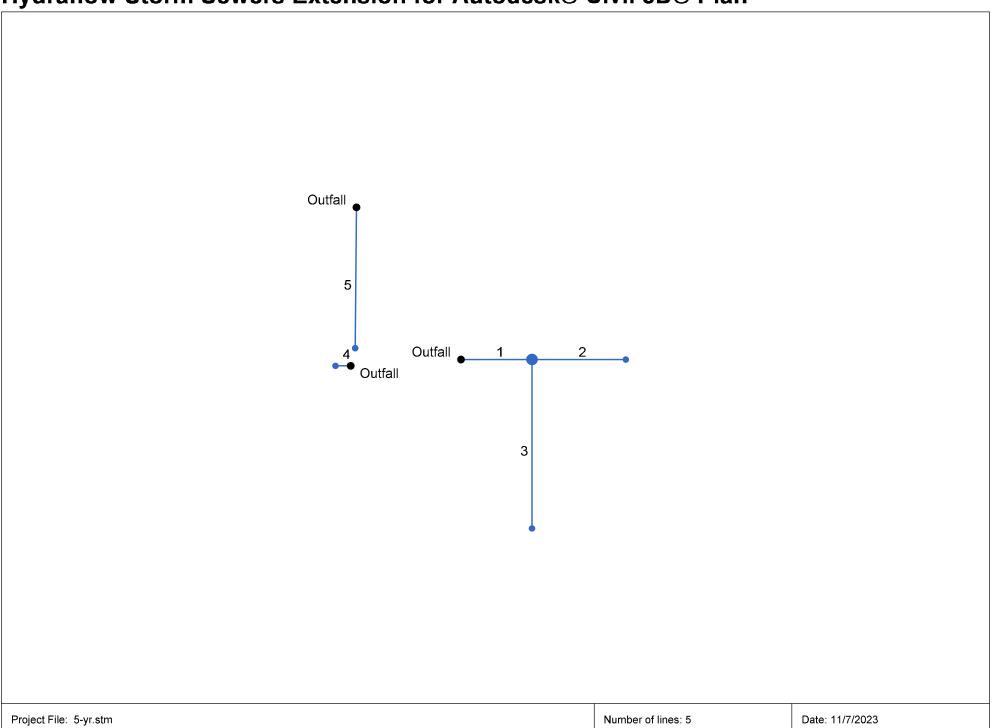
MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022) AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Carbajal Auto Dealership					
Design Point B					
	T_{MAX}		This worksheet uses retardance method Manning's n. For more informatio Section 7.2.3 of the	to determine	tal
Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Li	ned Channel Using SCS Method				
NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank Channel Invert Slope Bottom Width Left Side Slope Right Side Sloe	D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E = n = S ₀ = B = Z1 = Z2 =	0.030 0.0200 0.00 10.30	t/ft ft ft/ft ft/ft	
	the following soil types:		Choose One:		1
Non-Cohesive 5. Cohesive 7.	Elocity (V _{Max}) Max Froude No. (F _{Max}) 0 fps 0.60 0 fps 0.80 V/A N/A		Non-Cohesive Cohesive Paved		
		. .	Minor Storm	Major Storm	— ~
Maximum Allowable Top Width of (Lhannel for Minor & Major Storm n Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T _{MAX} = d _{MAX} =	37.56 0.40	37.56 0.40	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Deptrin		UMAX -	0.40	0.40	
Allowable Channel Capacity Bas	ed On Channel Geometry		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity		Q _{allow} =	17.5	17.5	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity	is based on Depth Criterion	d _{allow} =	0.40	0.40	ft
Water Depth in Channel Based	<u>On Design Peak Flow</u>				
Design Peak Flow		$Q_o =$	0.1	0.4	cfs
Water Depth		d =	0.04	0.10	ft
	·		'Inlet Managemen	ť	
	20 /		_ r	0.00	_ .
Angle of Inclined Grate (must be < Width of Grate	= 30 aegrees)		θ = W =	0.00	degrees ft
Length of Grate			vv = L =	3.00	π ft
Open Area Ratio			A _{RATIO} =	0.43	
Height of Inclined Grate			H _B =	0.00	ft
Clogging Factor	X		C _f =	0.50	
Grate Discharge Coefficient 🛛 <			Hb C _d =	N/A	
Orifice Coefficient		V	C ₀ =	0.60	
Weir Coefficient	-W-	0	C _w =	3.30	
	FLOW		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depresse	d inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.04	0.10	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (a		$\mathbf{Q}_{a} =$	0.04	0.10	cfs
Bypassed Flow		$Q_b =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo		C% =	100	100	%

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022) AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Carbajal Auto Dealership					
Design Point D					
	T_{MAX}	d MAX	This worksheet uses the retardance method to Manning's n. For more information s Section 7.2.3 of the US	determine	al
Analysis of Trapezoidal Gras	ss-Lined Channel Using SCS Method				
NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, I		A, B, C, D, or E =			
	lank to manually enter an n value)	n = S ₀ =	0.013 0.0100 ft/f	t	
Bottom Width		B =	0.00 ft		
Left Side Slope		Z1 =	5.78 ft/f	t	
Right Side Sloe		Z2 =	3.12 ft/f	t	
	e of the following soil types:	I	Choose One:		
	x. Velocity (V _{MAX}) Max Froude No. (F _{MAX})		Non-Cohesive		
Non-Cohesive Cohesive	5.0 fps 0.60 7.0 fps 0.80		Cohesive		
Paved	7.0 fps 0.80 N/A N/A		Paved		
1 4000			Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width	of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T _{MAX} =	2.14	2.14	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Dep	pth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d _{MAX} =	0.24	0.24	ft
	Based On Channel Geometry	0 -	Minor Storm 0.7	Major Storm 0.7	
	acity is based on Top Width Criterion acity is based on Top Width Criterion	$Q_{allow} = d_{allow} =$	0.24	0.24	cfs ft
MADOR STORM Allowable Capa	acty is based on rop widdr chtenon	•allow -	0.24	0.24	
Water Depth in Channel Bas	sed On Design Peak Flow				
Design Peak Flow	<u> </u>	$Q_o =$	0.0	0.2	cfs
Water Depth		d =	0.06	0.16	ft
	e capacity GOOD - greater than the design f				
Inlet Design Information (Ir	e capacity GOOD - greater than the design f	low given on sneet	Inlet Management		
Type of Inlet	User-Defined	Inlet Type =	User-Defi	ned	
rype or inter					
Angle of Inclined Grate (must	be <= 30 degrees)		θ =	0.00	degrees
Width of Grate			W =	1.73	ft
Length of Grate			L =	3.00	ft
Open Area Ratio Height of Inclined Grate			$A_{RATIO} =$ $H_B =$	0.43	ft
Clogging Factor	X			0.00	
Grate Discharge Coefficient		\sim	Hb Cr =	0.50 N/A	-
Orifice Coefficient		$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$	↓ C _o =	0.60	-
Weir Coefficient		Ve d	C=	3.30	-
	W	T		2.50	
	FLON				
	01.		MINOR	MAJOR	
	essed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.06	0.16	
	ty (assumes clogged condition)	Q _a =	0.3	1.1	cfs
Bypassed Flow		Q _b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo		C% =	100	100	%

Hydraflow Storm Sewers Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® Plan



Storm Sewer Tabulation

| ו | Len | Drng A | rea | Rnoff | Area x | C | Tc | |
 | |

 | Vel
 | Pipe
 | | Invert Elev HGL Elev Grnd / Rim Ele
 | | | m Elev | Line ID
 | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|---|---|--|--|---|--
--
---|---
--
--
--
--

---|--
---|---|--|---
---|---|
| То | | Incr | Total | | Incr | Total | Inlet | Syst | -(1)
 | flow | full

 |
 | Size
 | Slope | Dn
 | Up | Dn | Up | Dn
 | Up | |
| | (ft) | (ac) | (ac) | (C) | | | (min) | (min) | (in/hr)
 | (cfs) | (cfs)

 | (ft/s)
 | (in)
 | (%) | (ft)
 | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft)
 | (ft) | |
| End | 28.191 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 0.0
 | 0.65 | 2.51

 | 1.37
 | 12
 | 0.50 | 5125.60
 | 5125.74 | 5126.26 | 5126.27 | 5129.80
 | 5130.64 | SD3 |
| 1 | 36.801 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0
 | 0.05 | 2.49

 | 0.21
 | 12
 | 0.49 | 5125.84
 | 5126.02 | 5126.31 | 5126.31 | 5130.64
 | 5129.17 | SD2 |
| 1 | 66.929 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0
 | 0.60 | 2.54

 | 2.20
 | 12
 | 0.51 | 5125.84
 | 5126.18 | 5126.31 | 5126.50 | 5130.64
 | 5129.44 | SD1 |
| End | 5.848 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0
 | 0.02 | 2.54

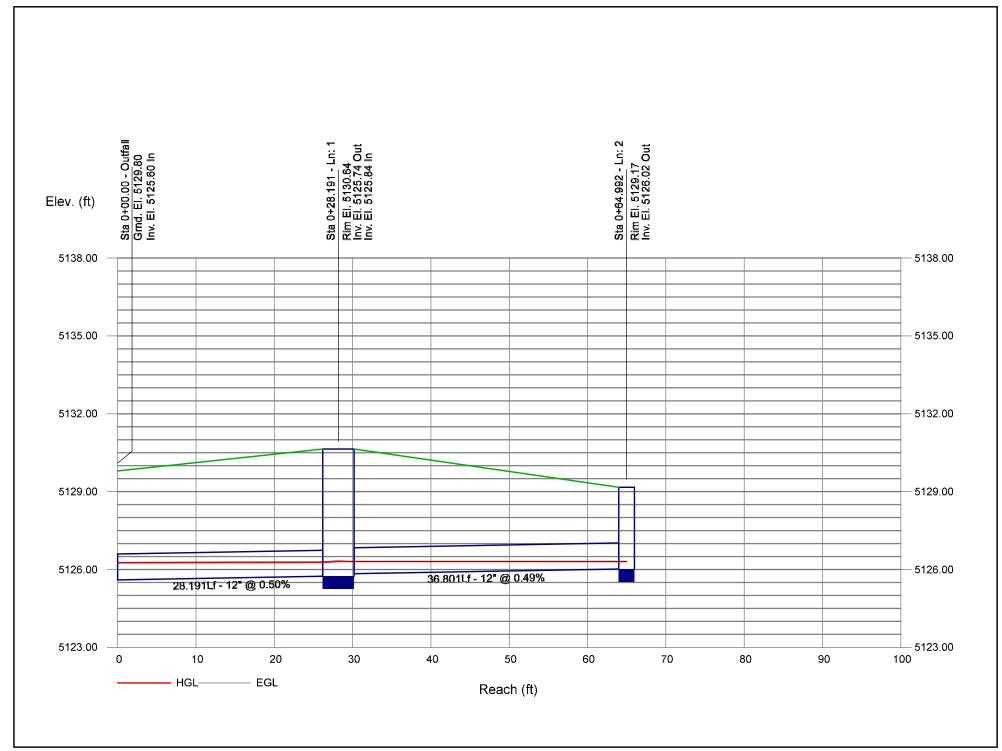
 | 0.04
 | 12
 | 0.51 | 5125.60
 | 5125.63 | 5126.26 | 5126.26 | 5129.80
 | 5128.25 | SD4 |
| End | 55.744 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0
 | 0.05 | 12.50

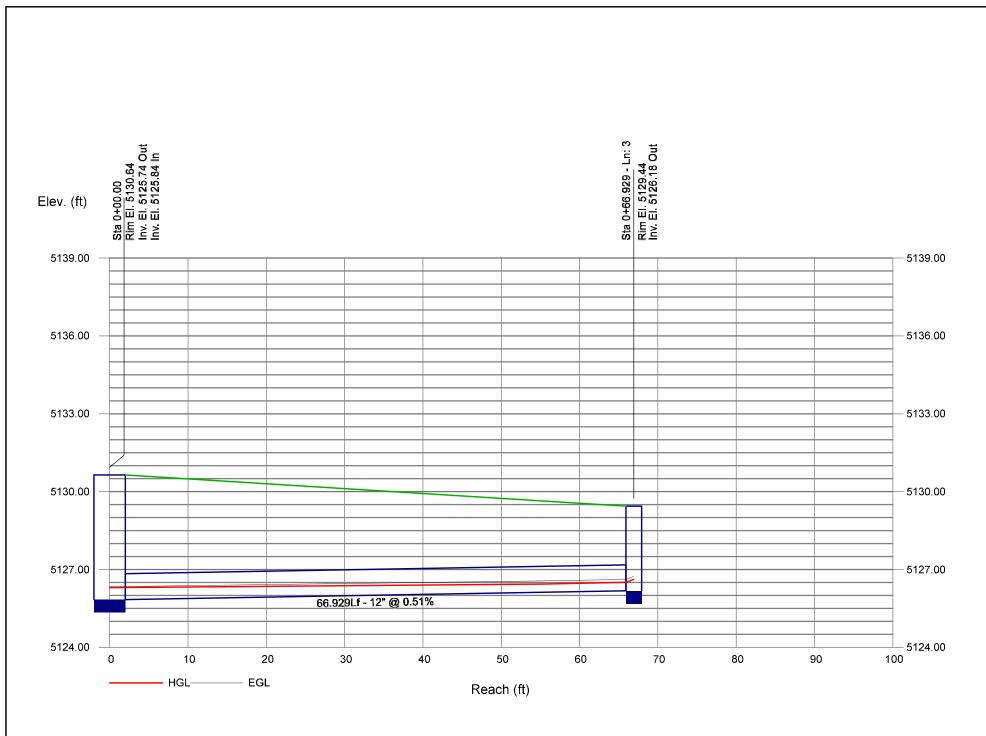
 | 0.78
 | 18
 | 1.42 | 5122.68
 | 5123.47 | 5122.95 | 5123.55 | 5128.71
 | 5127.30 | SD5 |
| ct File: | 5-yr.stn | 1 | | | | | | |
 | |

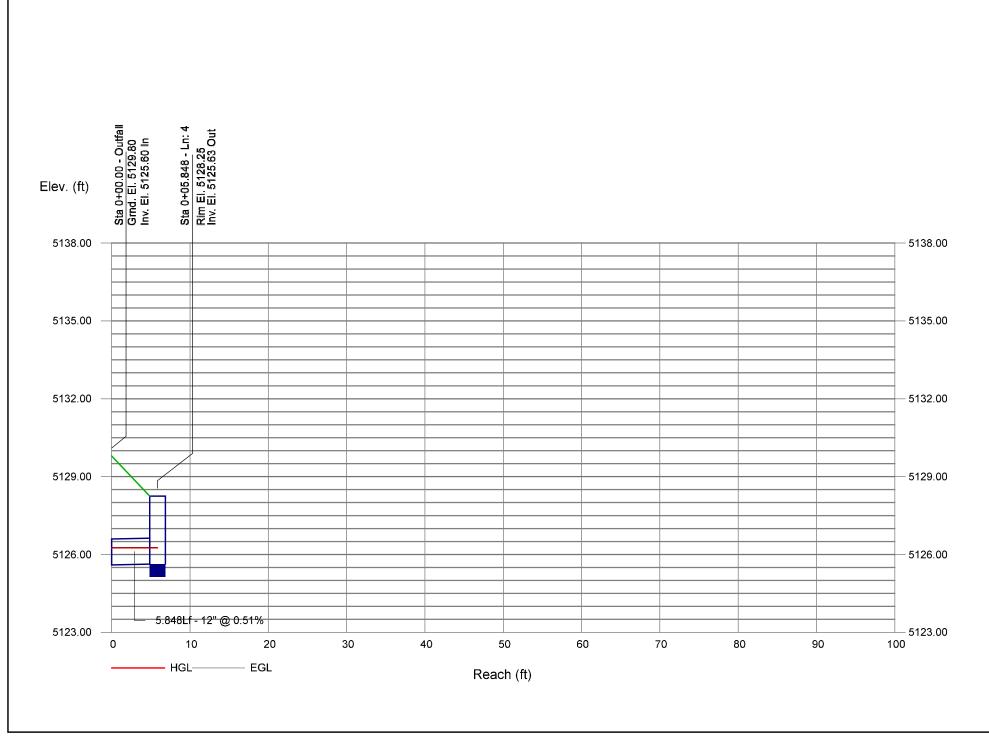
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 | | Number
 | of lines: 5 | | | Run Da
 | e: 11/7/20 | 23 |
| Project File: 5-yr.stm Number of lines: 5 Run Da | | | | | | | | |
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 |
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 | | Number
 | of lines: 5 | 1 | | Run Dat
 | te: 11/7/20 | 023 |
| | Line
End
1
End
End | Line (ft)
End 28.191
1 36.801
1 66.929
End 5.848
End 55.744 | Line (Rt) (ac) End 28.191 0.00 1 66.929 0.00 End 5.848 0.00 End 55.744 0.00 | Line (ft) (ac) (ac) End 28.191 0.00 0.00 1 36.801 0.00 0.00 1 66.929 0.00 0.00 End 5.848 0.00 0.00 End 55.744 0.00 0.00 | Line (ft) (ac) (ac) (c) End 28.191 0.00 0.00 0.00 1 36.801 0.00 0.00 0.00 1 66.929 0.00 0.00 0.00 End 5.848 0.00 0.00 0.00 End 55.744 0.00 0.00 0.00 | Top
(ft)Incr
(ac)TotalIncr
(C)End28.1910.000.000.000.00136.8010.000.000.000.00166.9290.000.000.000.00End5.8480.000.000.000.00End55.7440.000.000.000.00Find55.7440.000.000.000.00End55.7440.000.000.000.00End55.7440.000.000.000.00End55.7440.000.000.000.00End55.7440.000.000.000.00End55.7440.000.000.000.00End55.7440.000.000.000.00End55.7440.000.000.000.00End55.7440.000.000.000.00End55.7440.000.000.000.00End55.7440.000.000.000.00End55.7440.000.000.000.00End55.74455.74455.74455.744End55.74455.74455.74455.744End55.74455.74455.74455.744End55.74455.74455.74455.744End55.74455.74455.74455.744End55.74455.74455.7 | Top
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(ac)Total
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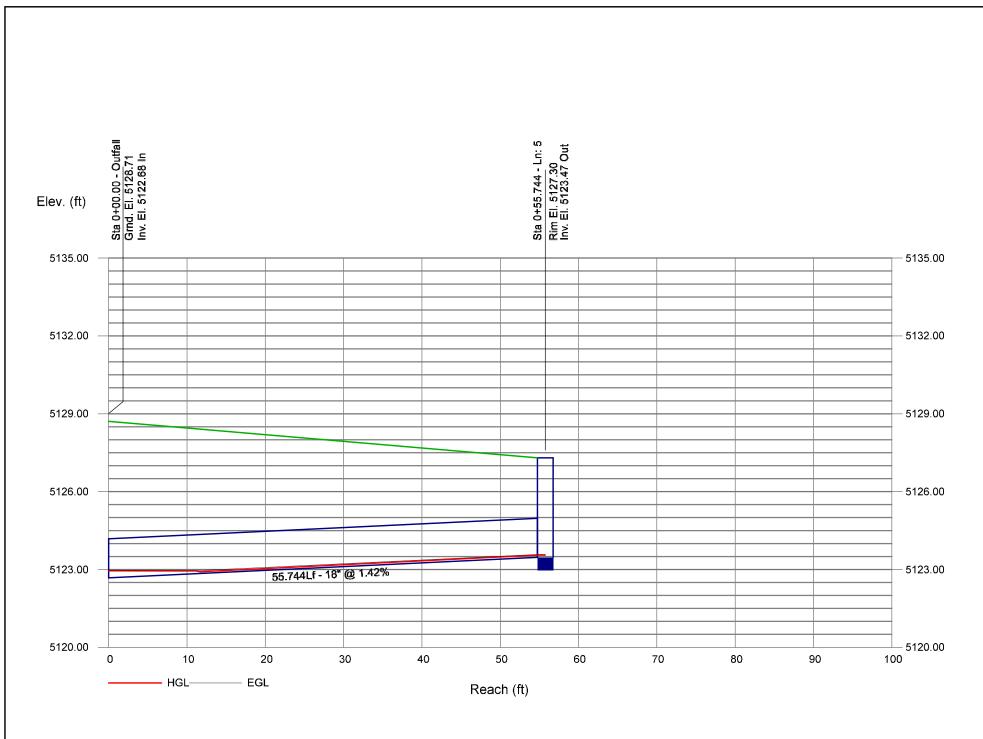
Storm Sewer Profile







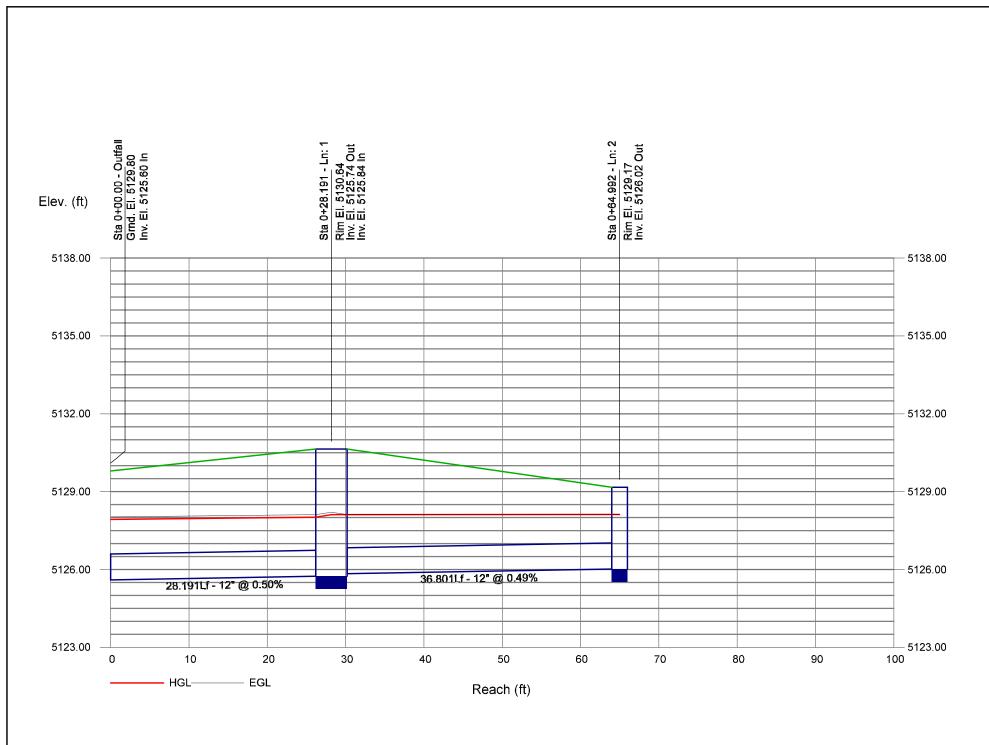
Storm Sewer Profile

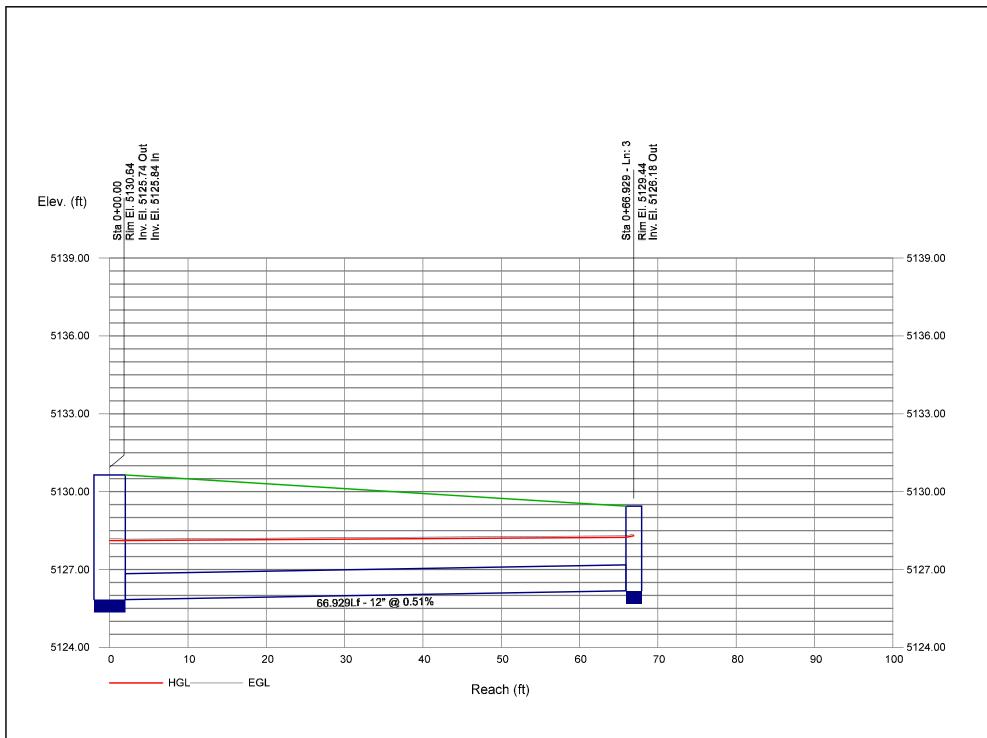


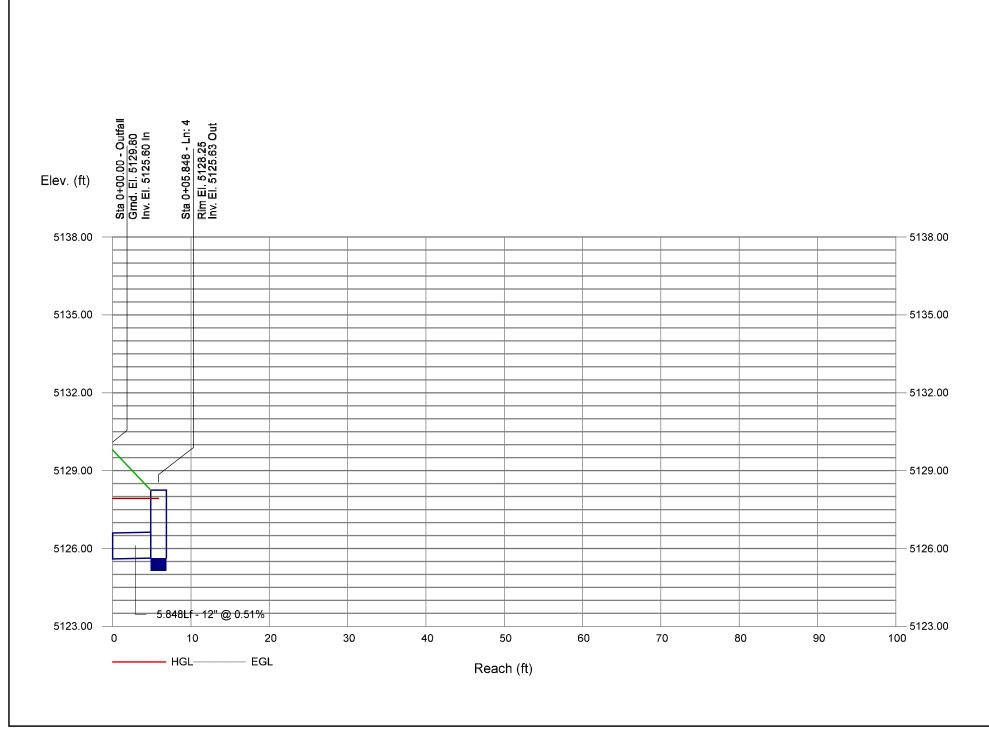
Storm Sewer Tabulation

Statio	n	Len	Drng A	rea	Rnoff	Area x	С	Тс					Vel	Pipe		Invert Ele	θV	HGL Ele	v	Grnd / Ri	m Elev	Line ID
ine			Incr	Total	coeff	Incr	Total	Inlet	Syst	(1)	flow	full		Size	Slope	Dn	Up	Dn	Up	Dn	Up	
	Line	(ft)	(ac)	(ac)	(C)			(min)	(min)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(ft/s)	(in)	(%)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	
	End	28.191	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	1.2	0.0	1.96	2.51	2.50	12	0.50	5125.60	5125.74	5127.93	5128.02	5129.80	5130.64	SD3
2	1	36.801	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.41	2.49	0.52	12	0.49	5125.84	5126.02	5128.11	5128.12	5130.64	5129.17	SD2
	1	66.929	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.55	2.54	1.97	12	0.51	5125.84	5126.18	5128.11	5128.24	5130.64	5129.44	SD1
Ļ	End	5.848	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.22	2.54	0.28	12	0.51	5125.60	5125.63	5127.93	5127.93	5129.80	5128.25	SD4
5	End	55.744	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.52	12.50	2.42	18	1.42	5122.68	5123.47	5122.95	5123.74	5128.71	5127.30	SD5
Proje	ct File:	100-yr.:	stm													Number	of lines: 5			Run Da	te: 11/7/20	223
^{>} roje	ct File:	100-yr.:	stm													Number	of lines: 5	1		Run Da	te: 11/7/20)23
от	ES:Kno	wn Qs c	only;c	= cir e =	ellip b	= box																

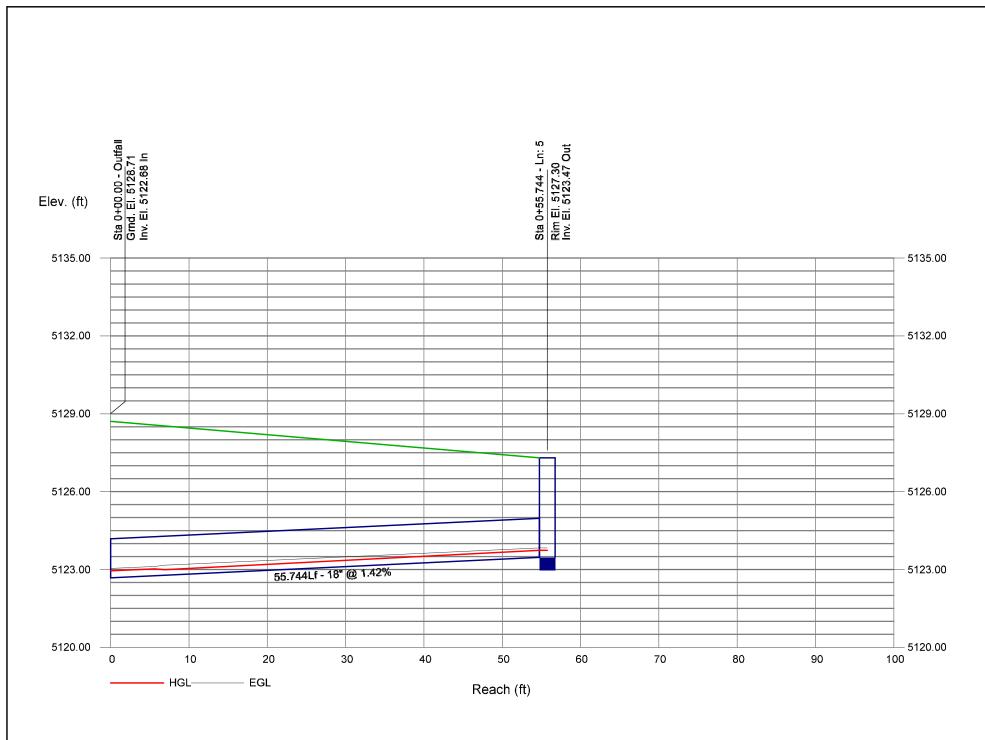
Storm Sewer Profile







Storm Sewer Profile





APPENDIX G: OPEN CHANNEL FLOW COMPUTATIONS

8620 Wolff Ct, Suite 250 Westminster, CO 80031 720.774.7736 www.raptor-civil.com

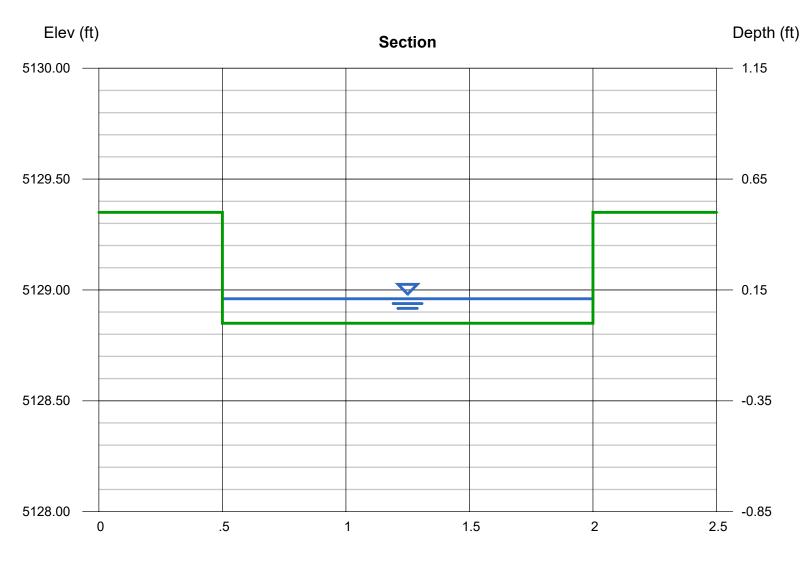
Channel Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Nov 7 2023

Curb Cut D4

Rectangular		Highlighted	
Bottom Width (ft)	= 1.50	Depth (ft)	= 0.11
Total Depth (ft)	= 0.50	Q (cfs)	= 0.610
		Area (sqft)	= 0.17
Invert Elev (ft)	= 5128.85	Velocity (ft/s)	= 3.70
Slope (%)	= 3.00	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 1.72
N-Value	= 0.013	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.18
		Top Width (ft)	= 1.50
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.32
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 0.61		



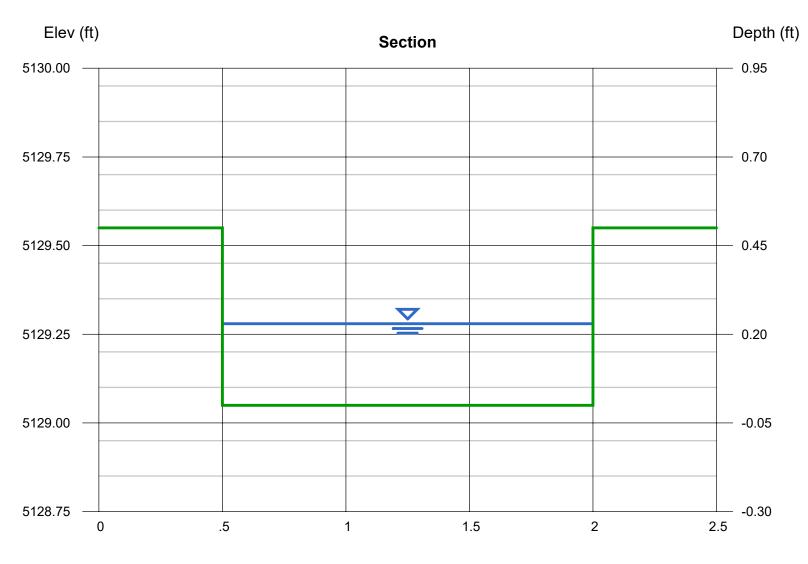
Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Nov 7 2023

Pond Emergency Overflow Sidewalk Chase

Rectangular		Highlighted	
Bottom Width (ft)	= 1.50	Depth (ft)	= 0.23
Total Depth (ft)	= 0.50	Q (cfs)	= 2.790
		Area (sqft)	= 0.35
Invert Elev (ft)	= 5129.05	Velocity (ft/s)	= 8.09
Slope (%)	= 5.23	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 1.96
N-Value	= 0.013	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.48
		Top Width (ft)	= 1.50
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 1.25
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 2.79		

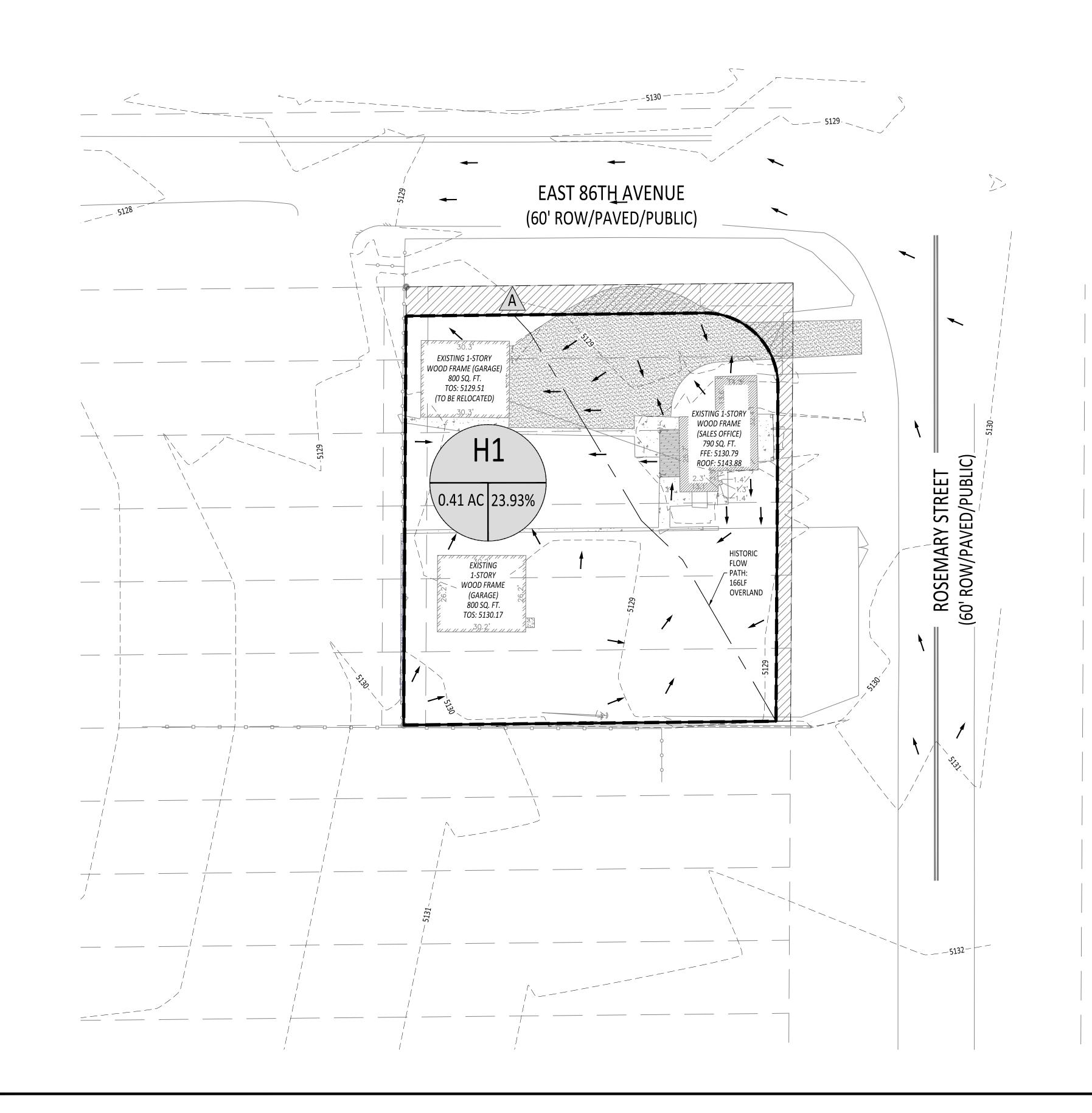


Reach (ft)



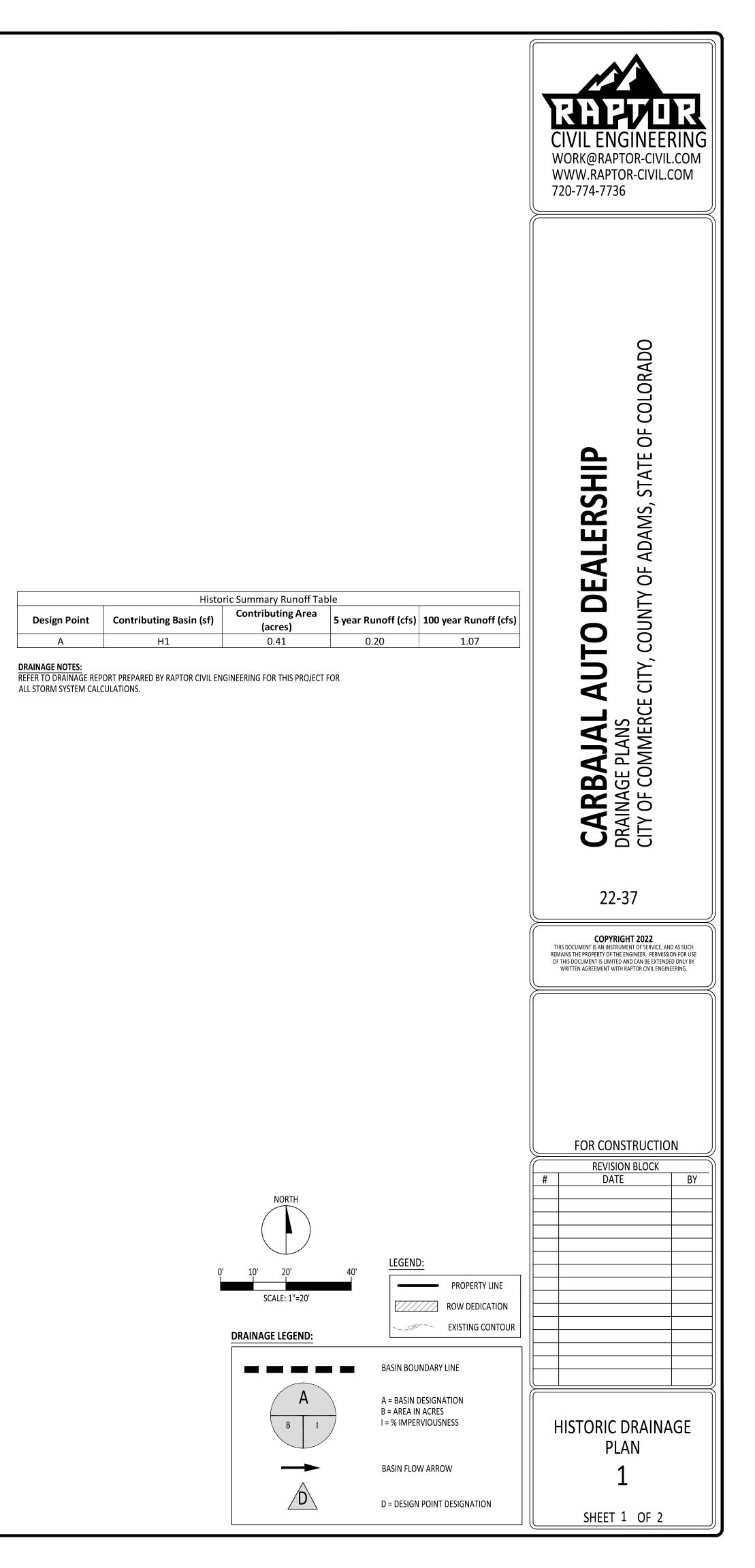
APPENDIX H: DRAINAGE PLANS

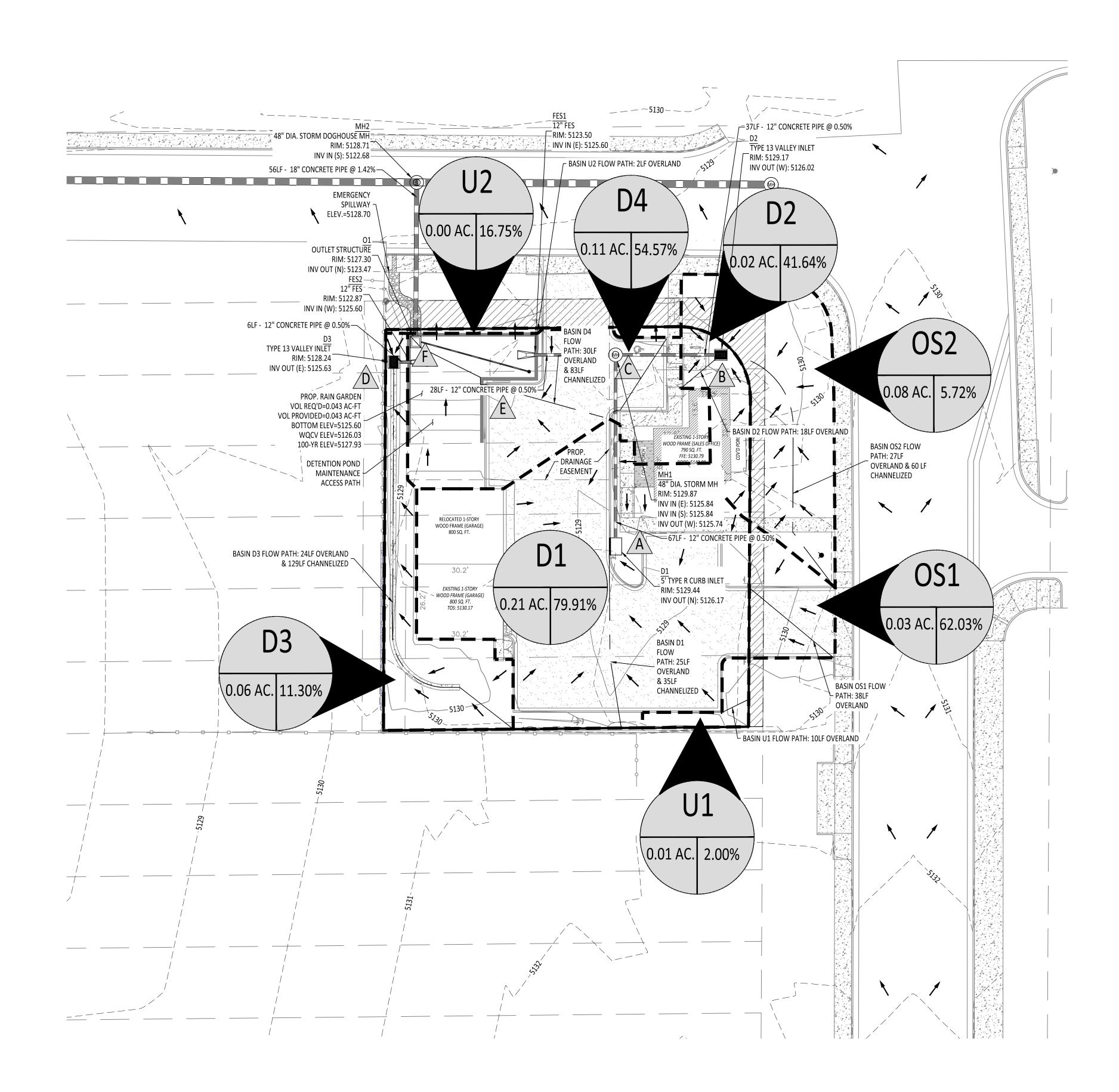
8620 Wolff Ct, Suite 250 Westminster, CO 80031 720.774.7736 www.raptor-civil.com



CARBAJAL AUTO DEALERSHIP DRAINAGE PLANS

LOCATED IN THE NORTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 28, TOWNSHIP 2 SOUTH, RANGE 67 WEST OF THE 6TH P.M. CITY OF COMMERCE CITY, COUNTY OF ADAMS, STATE OF COLORADO ADDRESS: 8581 ROSEMARY ST, COMMERCE CITY, CO, 80022

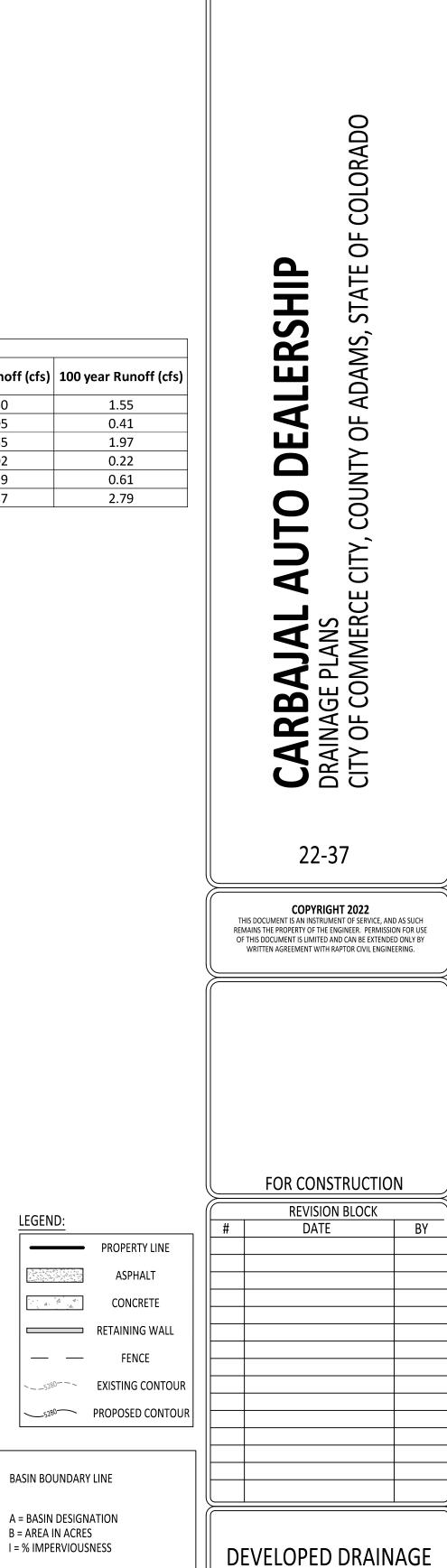




CARBAJAL AUTO DEALERSHIP DRAINAGE PLANS

LOCATED IN THE NORTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 28, TOWNSHIP 2 SOUTH, RANGE 67 WEST OF THE 6TH P.M. CITY OF COMMERCE CITY, COUNTY OF ADAMS, STATE OF COLORADO ADDRESS: 8581 ROSEMARY ST, COMMERCE CITY, CO, 80022





PLAN

SHEET 2 OF 2

Developed Summary Runoff Table Contributing Area

Design Point	Contributing Basin (s)	contributing Area (acres)	5 year Runoff (cfs)	100 year Runoff (cfs)
А	D1,0S1	0.23	0.60	1.55
В	D2,OS2	0.10	0.05	0.41
С	D1,D2,OS1,OS2	0.33	0.65	1.97
D	D3	0.06	0.02	0.22
E	D4	0.11	0.19	0.61
F	D1,D2,D3,D4,OS1,OS2	0.49	0.87	2.79

NORTH

SCALE: 1"=20'

Α

BASIN FLOW ARROW

D = DESIGN POINT DESIGNATION

В

DRAINAGE LEGEND:

DRAINAGE NOTES:

REFER TO DRAINAGE REPORT PREPARED BY RAPTOR CIVIL ENGINEERING FOR THIS PROJECT FOR ALL STORM SYSTEM CALCULATIONS.