

Commercer City Legislative Committee Agenda												
Bill	Sponsors	Title	Summary	Notes	Last Action Date	Last Action Chamber	Last Action	Latest Version	Hearing Time	Hearing Committee	Hearing Location	Hearing Type
HB 26-132	Chad Clifford Chris Richardson	Motor Vehicle Stunt Drive & Takeover Penalties	<p>The bill makes street takeovers, coordinated street takeovers, racing and drag racing, and stunt driving (prohibited motor vehicle activities) illegal on highways and roadways. More specifically, the bill states that a person shall not:</p> <p>Intentionally engage in a prohibited motor vehicle activity; Coordinate or facilitate an event the person should reasonably know is a street takeover, a race or drag race, or stunt driving;</p> <p>Ride as a passenger in a motor vehicle the person should reasonably know is participating in a street takeover, a race or drag race, or stunt driving;</p> <p>Intentionally cause the movement of traffic to slow, stop, or be impeded in any way because of a street takeover, a race or drag race, or stunt driving;</p> <p>Drive a motor vehicle to carry fuel for a motor vehicle the person should reasonably know is involved in a street takeover, a race or drag race, or stunt driving; or</p> <p>Knowingly be a spectator to a race, drag race, or street takeover prohibited by the bill. The bill imposes penalties for a person that engages in a prohibited motor vehicle activity. The bill also imposes penalties for a person that engages in a prohibited motor vehicle activity and then eludes or attempts to elude a peace officer. Lastly, the bill states when and how a peace officer may, or a presiding court may issue an order to, impound, immobilize, or seize a motor vehicle involved in a prohibited motor vehicle activity.</p> <p>(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced.)</p>	CML Position: Support	Mar 11, 2026	House	Introduced In House - Assigned to Judiciary	Introduced (03/11/2026)	Apr 08, 2026 01:30pm	House Judiciary	HCR 0107	Hearing Item
SB 26-114	Scott Bright Janice Marchman Matt Soper	Spirituous Liquor Manufacturer Sales Rooms & Other Alcohol	<p>Under current law, a licensed manufacturer of spirituous liquors (manufacturer) may conduct tastings of and sell the manufacturer's own spirituous liquors at the manufacturer's licensed premises or at one other approved sales room location. The bill authorizes the manufacturer to also conduct tastings of and sell the manufacturer's spirituous liquors at up to 2 approved other sales room locations.</p> <p>The bill authorizes a manufacturer to apply for a permit from the state licensing authority to serve and sell alcohol beverages acquired from a licensed wholesaler at the manufacturer's premises or a sales room location. A copy of the permit application must be sent to the local licensing authority for comment, posted for 45 days in a conspicuous place at the location that is the subject of the application, and published in a local newspaper of general circulation.</p> <p>Before issuing the permit, the state licensing authority shall consider: A response from the local licensing authority concerning impacts on the surrounding neighborhood, including traffic, noise, and distance from schools;</p> <p>Whether zoning, fire, and other requirements have been met; and Public comments, if any.</p> <p>The state licensing authority shall not issue the permit unless the applicant affirms that they have complied with local zoning restrictions, including requirements for distance from schools.</p> <p>If the permit application is approved: The manufacturer must serve sandwiches and light snacks if selling and serving alcohol b...</p>	CML Position: Oppose	Feb 17, 2026	Senate	Introduced In Senate - Assigned to Business, Labor, & Technology	Introduced (02/17/2026)				
SB 26-135	Jeff Bridges Cathy Kipp Jennifer Bacon	State Public K-12 Education Funding	<p>The bill requires the secretary of state to refer a ballot issue at the November 2026 general election to seek voter approval for the state to retain and spend an amount of state revenue equal to the amount of state public K-12 education funding in excess of the limitation on state fiscal year spending and to increase state public K-12 education funding by up to 2% for 10 years.</p> <p>The bill directs legislative council staff to determine the amount of state public K-12 education funding and describes how legislative council staff will make that determination.</p> <p>The bill creates a positive factor to provide additional funding for each district. A positive factor is equal to the lesser of 2% of statewide total program funding for the 2026-27 budget year multiplied by a district's total program as a percentage of the statewide total program or the amount that the state is authorized to retain and spend that would otherwise have been in excess of the limitation on state fiscal year spending multiplied by a district's total program as a percentage of the statewide total program. A district may only use its positive factor funding for increasing teacher pay, improving teacher retention, lowering class sizes, and increasing access to career and technical courses.</p> <p>The bill creates the excess state revenues account (account) within the general fund. The account consists of an amount of money equal to the amount of state revenues in excess of the excess state revenues cap that the state r...</p>	No CML Position	Mar 12, 2026	Senate	Senate Committee on Finance Refer Amended to Appropriations	Preamended PA1 (03/13/2026)				
SB 26-137	James Coleman Cleave Simpson Jarvis Caldwell	Measures to Reduce Administrative Burdens	<p>Current law requires each principal department (department) to establish a schedule to review all of its rules. The bill requires the review to occur at least every 5 years. Current law directs each department to make certain determinations when conducting the review of the rules. The bill requires the following additional determinations:</p> <p>Whether the department has rules with the same or similar purpose, intent, or goal and, if so, how those are coordinated and whether redundant rules can be eliminated;</p> <p>Whether the rule is outdated or obsolete; Whether funding levels to support the program or function subject to the rule are appropriate;</p> <p>Whether there are opportunities to improve the effectiveness of the rule in meeting its purpose, intent, or goal; and</p> <p>Whether the rule creates administrative burdens on the agency, consumers, or businesses without a corresponding public benefit.</p> <p>Current law requires each department to present a report at its 'SMART Act' hearing regarding its mandatory review of all rules. The bill permits the committee of reference presiding over the 'SMART Act' hearing to determine whether a program or function subject to the rules should be subject to a sunset review and to provide to the legislative audit committee its departmental regulatory agenda for the audit committee to determine whether a program or function subject to the rule should be subject to a performance or financial audit.</p> <p>The bill clarifies the attorney general's responsibility regarding ...</p>	CML Position: Amend	Mar 11, 2026	Senate	Introduced In Senate - Assigned to Finance	Introduced (03/11/2026)	Mar 31, 2026 02:00pm	Senate Finance	SCR 357	Hearing Item
SB 26-139	Jeff Bridges Dylan Roberts Meghan Lukens	Local Education Provider Workforce Housing	<p>Section 4</p> <p>of the bill creates the 'Building Excellent Teacher and Employee Residences Act' (BETER). BETER creates a new school district financing opportunity for the development of housing for teachers and other school district and public school staff (workforce housing).</p> <p>The bill creates an application process by which a school district (applicant) may apply to the workforce housing assistance board (board) for financial assistance in connection with developing a workforce housing project. The division of public school capital construction assistance within the department of education (division of public school capital construction assistance) and the division of housing within the department of local affairs (division of housing) shall assist applicants in identifying workforce housing needs and in submitting applications to the board. No later than June 1, the board, with the support of the division of housing and division of public school capital construction assistance, shall review these applications according to guidelines that the board establishes and creates an initial prioritized list of workforce housing projects to award financial assistance. The board shall submit this initial prioritized list to the state board of education and the state housing board for comment. No later than July 15, the board shall determine a final prioritized list of projects for which the board will provide financial assistance.</p> <p>The board may only award financial assistance to an appl...</p>	CML deliberating	Mar 12, 2026	Senate	Introduced In Senate - Assigned to Education	Introduced (03/12/2026)	Mar 30, 2026 01:30pm	Senate Education	SCR 357	Hearing Item